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The Montana State Job Service Division maintains 23 local Job Service Offices in principal cities of Montana. You are invited to call on any of these offices for assistance in filling positions in your organization, obtaining additional labor market information and for receiving other services in connection with your employment needs.

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Anaconda, MT 59711
(563-3444)

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Main & Satellite Ofc.
624 N. 24th Street
Billings, MT 59101
(259-5529)

BOZEMAN
121 N. Willson
Bozeman, MT 59715
(586-5455)

BUTTE
206 W. Granite
P.O. Box 309
Butte, MT 59703
(782-0417)

CUT BANK
20 S. Central
Cut Bank, MT 59427
(873-2191)

DILLON
730 N. Montana
P.O. Box 1300
Dillon, MT 59725
(683-4259)

GLASGOW
238 2nd Ave. S.
Glasgow, MT 59230
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GLENDIVE
211 S. Kendrick
Glendive, MT 59330
(365-3314)

GREAT FALLS
1018 7th St. S.
Great Falls, MT 59405
(761-1730)

HAMILTON
333 Main Street
P.O. Box 73
Hamilton, MT 59840
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416 1st St.
Havre, MT 59501
(265-5847)

HELENA
715 Front Street
Helena, MT 59601
(449-6006)

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427 1st Ave. E.
Kalispell, MT 59901
(752-5627)

LEWISTOWN
300 First Ave. N.
Lewistown, MT 59457
(538-8701)

LIBBY
317 Mineral Ave.
Libby, MT 59923
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LIVINGSTON
228 S. Main
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Livingston, MT 59047
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Miles City, MT 59301
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417 Main Street
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Polson, MT 59860
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Shelby, MT 59474
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Sidney, MT 59270
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608 Main Street
P.O. Box 669
Thompson Falls, MT 59873
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WOLF POINT
200 Highway 2 East
Wolf Point, MT 59201
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MONTANA

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State of Montana

Stan Stephens, Governor

Department of Labor and Industry

Mike Micone, Commissioner

June 1990

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Helena, Montana 59624
Phone: (406) 444-2430

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this publication is to report labor market information for Montana and the United States. It is one of several reports published periodically by the Montana Department of Labor and Industry's Research and Analysis Bureau – and provides historical, current and projected labor market information.

This publication is designed primarily to meet the informational needs of those individuals working with the federal government's Job Training Partnership Act. It should also prove useful, however, to private business, educators, researchers and others.

Comments, suggestions and questions regarding the content and format of this publication are invited.

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Section I

Description and Ranking of Montana

DESCRIPTION AND RANKING OF MONTANA

Montana can be described as a large, sparsely populated state that has traditionally depended on natural resources for much of its economic prosperity. The open plains of Eastern Montana provide land for grain farming, grazing for large herds of beef cattle, oil and gas fields, and rich coal deposits for mining and electrical production. The mountainous regions of Western Montana yield timber for wood-products manufacturing and minerals for mining. Tourism is also important throughout the state.

Primary industries often determine the direction of a state or local economy. Montana's primary industries include agriculture, manufacturing, mining, tourist-related, railroad, heavy construction and federal government. Service industries have become increasingly important in Montana also, and Montana's major service industries include trade, education, health services and government.

Small businesses are very important to Montana's economy. In private, non-farm wage and salary jobs, 43 percent of jobs are with firms employing fewer than 20 people—and 77 percent of workers are with businesses employing fewer than 100 people.

MONTANA'S RANKING AMONG THE 50 STATES

Item	Rank	Montana	U.S.
Total Population, 1989 Est.	44th	806,000	248,239,000
Total Population, 1980	44th	786,690	226,545,805
Land Area (Sq. Miles)	4th	145,392	3,539,295
Population per Square Mile, 1980	48th	5.4	64.0
Percent Change in Population, 1970-80	27th	13.3%	11.4%
Population 65 Years & Older, 1985	28th	98,000	28,530,000
Median Age, 1980	35th	29	30
Number of Households, 1985	44th	304,000	88,797,000
Home Ownership Rate, 1980	23rd	68.6%	64.4%
Percent High School Graduates, 1988	4th	87.3%	71.1%
Motor Vehicles per 1,000 Pop., 1985	13th	819	713
Per Capita Personal Income, 1989	41st	$13,852	$17,567
Unemployment Rate, 1989 (Ranked from highest to lowest)	14th	5.9%	5.2%

Section II
General Economic Review and Outlook

THE NATIONAL ECONOMY

The nation's economy continued to expand through 1989 and into the first five months of 1990. Civilian employment increased 2 percent from 1988 to 1989; and the number of people unemployed declined 200,000 during the same period.

The labor force participation rate (the percent of the population in the labor force) reached 66.5 percent last year—the highest level ever recorded. This high employment level can be attributed to the fact that more and more women are entering the labor force, and now account for over 40 percent of our nation's labor force.

One of the broadest measures of our nation's economic well-being is the "Gross National Product," or GNP as it is more commonly known. The GNP attempts to track the value of the goods and services that we produce, and usually reflects it as a percentage change from the previous three months or year. Since the 1981-82 recession, the GNP has shown positive economic growth. Although the last two quarters (Oct. 89 - Mar. 90) have been weak, they nonetheless have indicated continued economic expansion.

NATIONAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS

A comparison of economic activity in the nation at year's end reflected the following:

INDICATOR	Percent Change Year to Year		
	1989	1988	1987
GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT			
(In 1982 dollars, % change)	3.0%	4.4%	3.7%
INFLATION			
Consumer Price Index - U	4.8%	4.1%	3.6%
Consumer Price Index - W	4.8%	4.0%	3.6%
Producer Price Index	5.0%	4.0%	2.6%
WAGES & PRODUCTIVITY			
Average hourly earnings of production workers	3.9%	3.5%	2.5%
Industrial production	2.6%	5.4%	4.9%

	1989	1988	1987
MISCELLANEOUS			
Prime interest rate charged by major banks to large borrowers	10.9%	9.3%	8.2%

UNITED STATES CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI) -- ALL ITEMS

1982-84 = 100

To rebase the index series from the 1967 base to a 1982-84 reference base, all items CPI-U will use the following conversion factors: U = .3338279 and W = .3357176.

To figure the percentage increase between any two months: Subtract the index for the earlier month from the later month; divide that number by the index for the earlier month; and then multiply the result by 100 by moving the decimal two places to the right.

Year	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANN AVG	% CHANGE FROM PRIOR YEAR	% CHANGE FROM DEC TO DEC
1980-U	77.8	78.9	80.1	81.0	81.8	82.7	82.7	83.3	84.0	84.8	85.5	86.3	82.4	13.5%	12.5%
-W	78.3	79.4	80.5	81.4	82.3	83.2	83.3	83.8	84.6	85.3	86.1	86.9	82.9	13.4%	10.3%
1981-U	87.0	87.9	88.5	89.1	89.8	90.6	91.6	92.3	93.2	93.4	93.7	94.0	90.9	10.3%	8.9%
-W	87.5	88.5	89.0	89.6	90.3	91.1	92.2	92.8	93.7	93.9	94.1	94.4	91.4	10.3%	8.8%
1982-U	94.3	94.6	94.5	94.9	95.6	97.0	97.5	97.7	97.9	98.2	98.0	97.6	96.5	6.2%	3.8%
-W	94.7	95.0	94.8	95.2	96.2	97.4	98.0	98.2	98.3	98.6	98.4	98.0	96.9	6.0%	3.8%
1983-U	97.8	97.9	97.9	98.6	99.2	99.5	99.9	100.2	100.7	101.0	101.2	101.3	99.6	3.2%	3.8%
-W	98.1	98.1	98.4	99.0	99.5	99.8	100.1	100.5	101.0	101.2	101.2	101.2	99.8	3.0%	3.3%
1984-U	101.9	102.4	102.6	103.1	103.4	103.7	104.1	104.5	105.0	105.3	105.3	105.3	103.9	4.3%	3.9%
-W	101.6	101.8	101.8	102.1	102.5	102.8	103.2	104.2	104.8	104.8	104.7	104.8	103.3	3.5%	3.6%
1985-U	105.5	106.0	106.4	106.9	107.3	107.6	107.8	108.0	108.3	108.7	109.0	109.3	107.6	3.6%	3.8%
-W	104.9	105.4	105.9	106.3	106.7	107.0	107.1	107.3	107.6	107.9	108.3	108.6	106.9	3.5%	3.6%
1986-U	109.6	109.3	108.8	108.6	108.9	109.5	109.5	109.7	110.2	110.3	110.4	110.5	109.6	1.9%	1.1%
-W	108.9	108.5	107.9	107.6	107.9	108.4	108.4	108.6	109.1	109.1	109.2	109.3	108.6	1.6%	0.7%
1987-U	111.2	111.6	112.1	112.7	113.1	113.5	113.8	114.4	115.0	115.3	115.4	115.4	113.6	3.6%	4.4%
-W	110.0	110.5	111.0	111.6	111.9	112.4	112.7	113.3	113.8	114.1	114.3	114.2	112.5	3.6%	4.5%
1988-U	115.7	116.0	116.5	117.1	117.5	118.0	118.5	119.0	119.8	120.2	120.3	120.5	118.3	4.1%	4.4%
-W	114.5	114.7	115.1	115.7	116.2	116.7	117.2	117.7	118.5	118.9	119.0	119.2	117.0	4.0%	4.4%
1989-U	121.1	121.6	122.3	123.1	123.8	124.1	124.4	124.6	125.0	125.6	125.9	126.1	124.0	4.8%	4.6%
-W	119.7	120.2	120.8	121.8	122.5	122.8	123.2	123.2	123.6	124.2	124.4	124.6	122.6	4.8%	4.5%
1990-U	127.4	128.0	128.7	128.9	129.2										
-W	125.9	126.4	127.1	127.3	127.5										
1990															
U-% M	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2										
Chg Yr	5.2	5.3	5.2	4.7	4.4										

1990 Release dates Jan 18, Feb 21, Mar 20, Apr 17, May 16, Jun 15, Jul 18, Aug 16, Sep 18, Oct 18, Nov 16, Dec 18

-U = CPI for all urban consumers

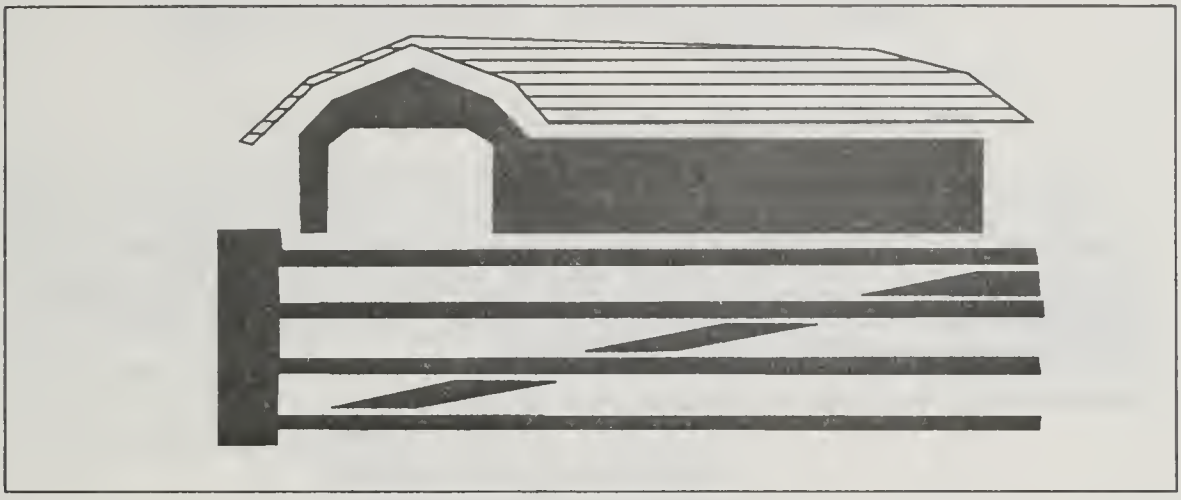
-W = CPI for urban wage earners and clerical workers

Montana: Review and Outlook

Agriculture: Cows and Sheep Up; Pigs Down; and Canola Steady

Cattle prices were at record highs at the close of 1989, and choice fed steers continued to bring record prices through spring 1990. Beef exports to Japan and Korea have been growing, and are expected to increase as liberal trade agreements are implemented.

Total sheep numbers as of Jan. 1, 1990 were up 5 percent over 1989. Hog numbers were down about 4 percent two months into 1990 from a year before – and the Montana State University Extension Service expects 1990 hog numbers to remain slightly below 1989 numbers.



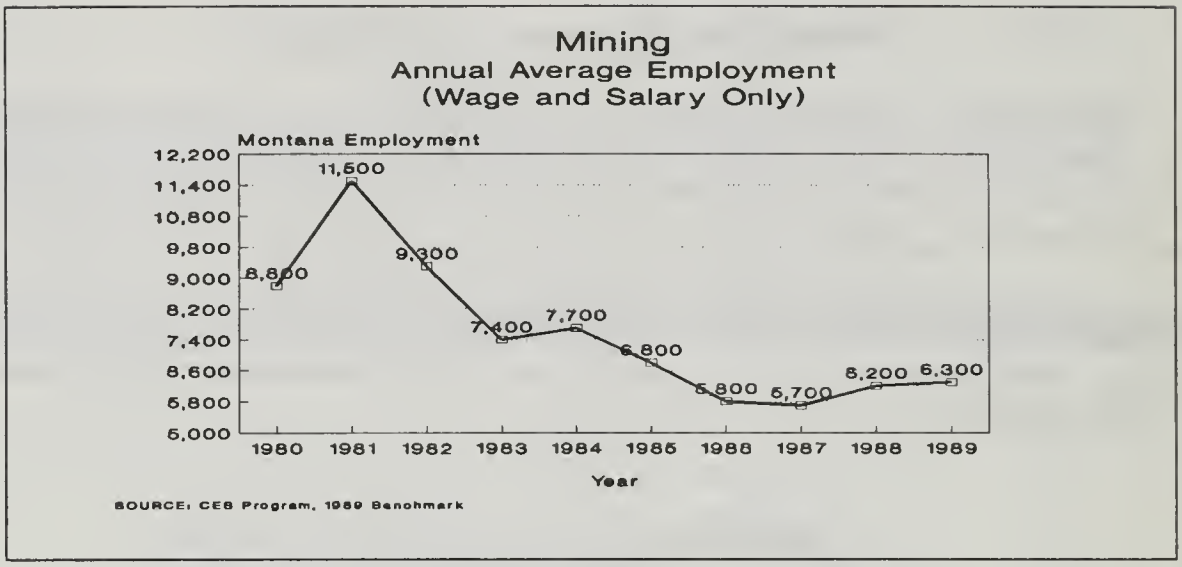
Meanwhile, a Canadian firm is building a canola oil plant in Butte. While Montana farmers are taking a wait-and-see attitude about planting canola, canola acreage is expected to increase.

Agricultural employment is expected to remain steady at about 33,800 unless there is a major drought or other severe weather conditions.

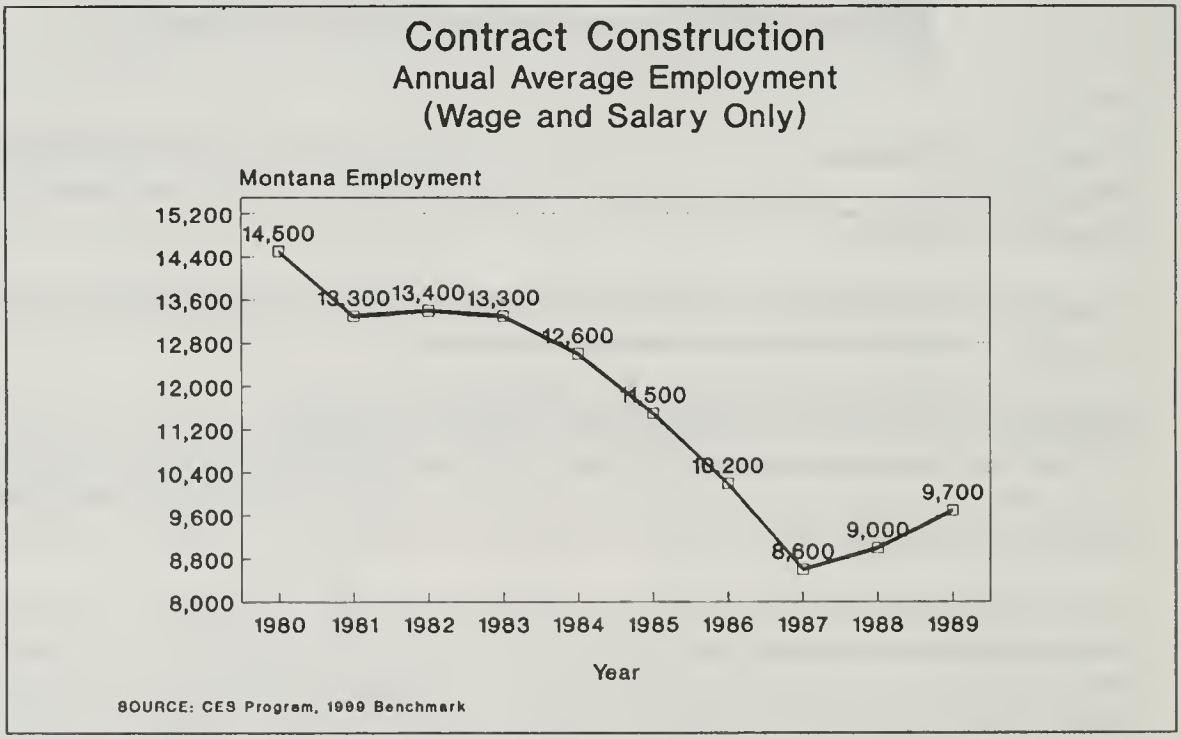
Non-Agricultural Employment Continues to Grow

Annual average employment in 1989 was 2.7 percent higher than in 1988 – following a 2.5 percent increase over 1987. This growth has added 7,600 jobs to Montana's nonagricultural employment in 1989 – and a total of 14,500 jobs over the past two years.

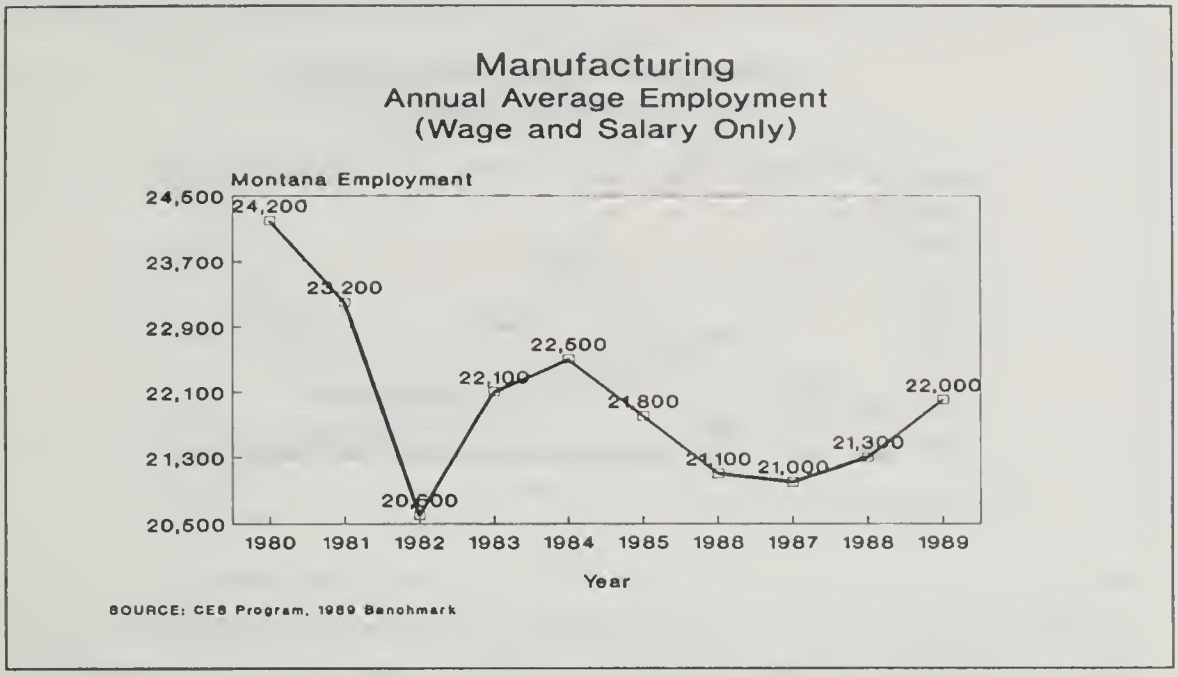
These large increases are generally not expected to continue, but job numbers were still showing gains during the first four months of 1990. In April 1990, the year-to-date average number of nonagricultural wage-and-salary jobs was 9,600 higher than last year. Most of these new jobs were in the **SERVICE** and **TRADE** sectors – but the year-to-date averages in **CONSTRUCTION**; **MANUFACTURING**; and **FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE** were also higher than in April 1989.



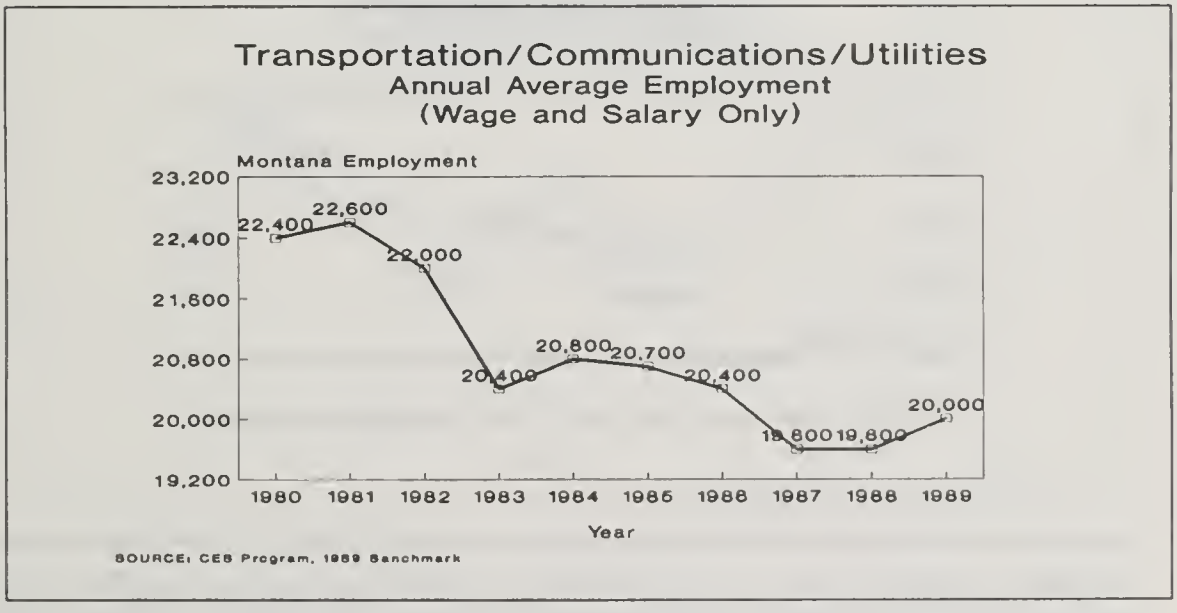
After 8.7 percent growth in 1988, **MINING** job growth slowed down to 1.6 percent in 1989. This slower growth rate was primarily due to declining employment in **Oil & Gas Extraction. Metal Mining** continued to show improvement through April 1990, as did **Quarrying**—but these gains were offset by losses in **Oil & Gas Extraction. Coal Mining** job numbers stayed about the same. In April 1990 there were about 500 fewer **MINING** jobs compared to April 1989 numbers.



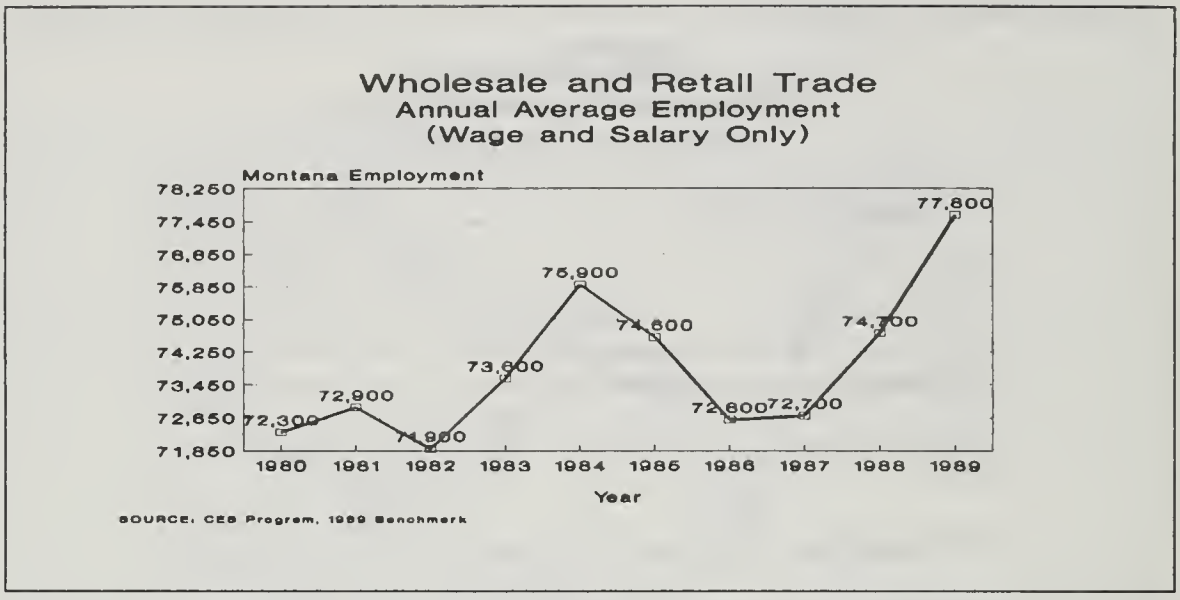
After a 4.7 percent increase in 1988 and a 7.8 percent increase in 1989, the **CONSTRUCTION** industry showed a slight decline in job numbers early in 1990. April 1990 jobs stood at 8,500—compared with 8,800 jobs in April 1989.



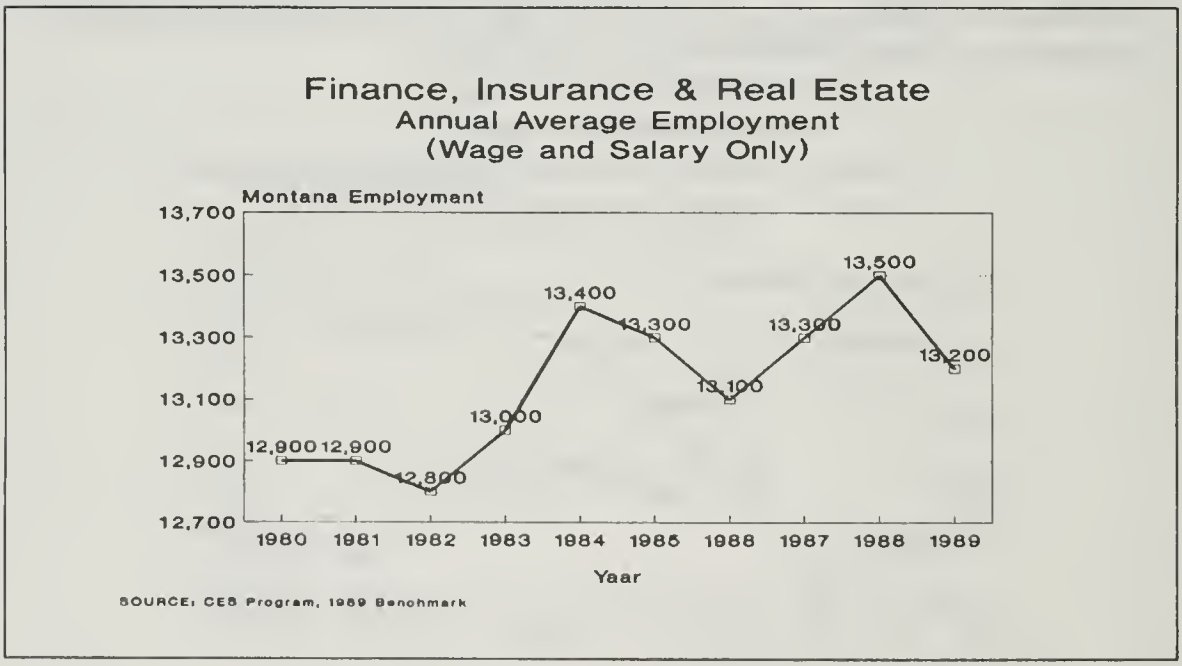
MANUFACTURING jobs experienced 3.3 percent growth from 1988 to 1989. And, as of April 1990, the year-to-date average was 1.9 percent higher than in April 1989. The growth through April 1990 was in **Other Durable Manufacturing. Nondurable Manufacturing** jobs were down slightly from April 1989, with fewer **Lumber & Wood Products** jobs in April 1990.



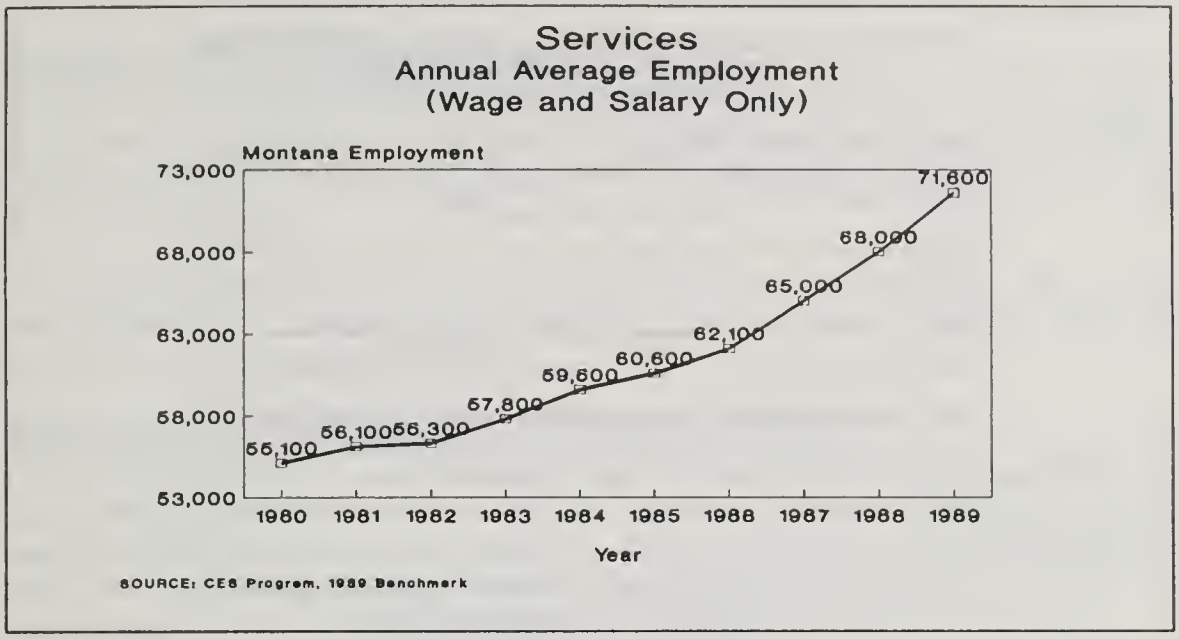
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS & UTILITIES (TCU) jobs increased last year by 2 percent due to more jobs in **Transportation. Communications** and **Utilities** jobs declined slightly. As of April 1990, there were fewer jobs in each TCU sector from the previous April.



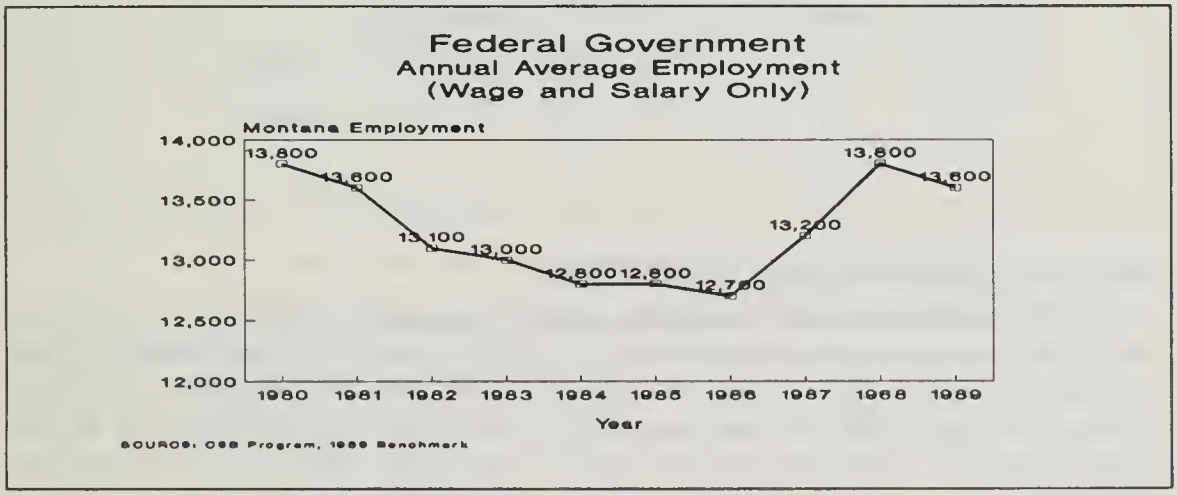
There were 2,900 jobs added in the **TRADE** industry from 1988 to 1989. This growth occurred in **Wholesale Trade**, which improved by 3.3 percent in 1989—as well as in **Retail Trade**, which was up 4 percent in 1989. **TRADE** continued to grow in 1990, with April 1990 jobs 3.7 percent up from April 1989.



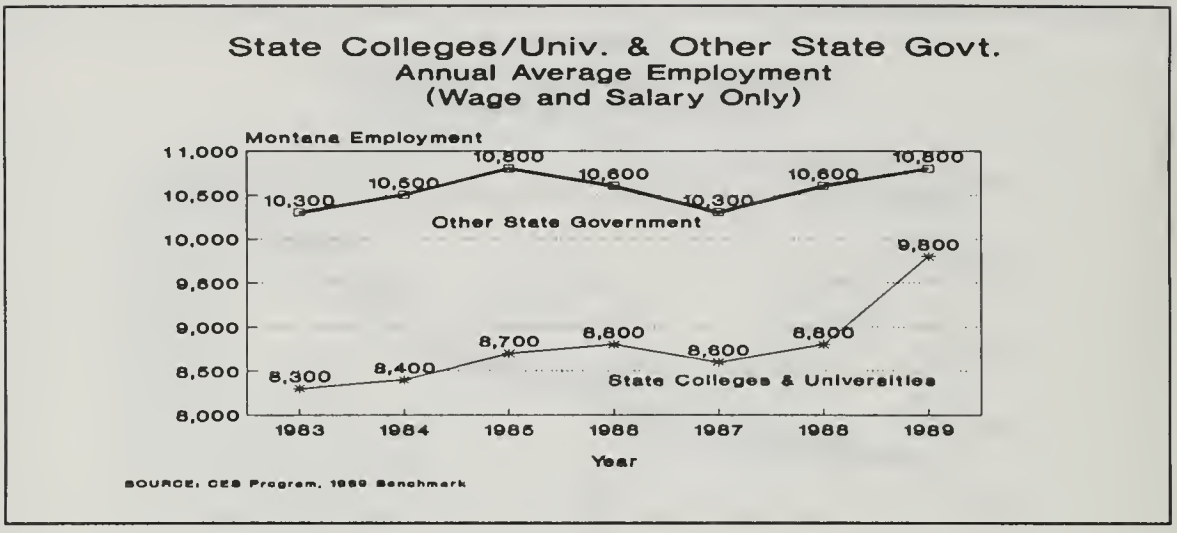
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE (FIRE) was the only major private industry sector that lost jobs in 1989, although most of the jobs weren't really lost. They are actually being counted in other industries because of industrial classification changes. The April 1990 year-to-date average of 13,300 **FIRE** jobs was 400 jobs higher than for the previous April—with **Finance** and **Insurance** gaining employment, and **Real Estate** remaining steady.

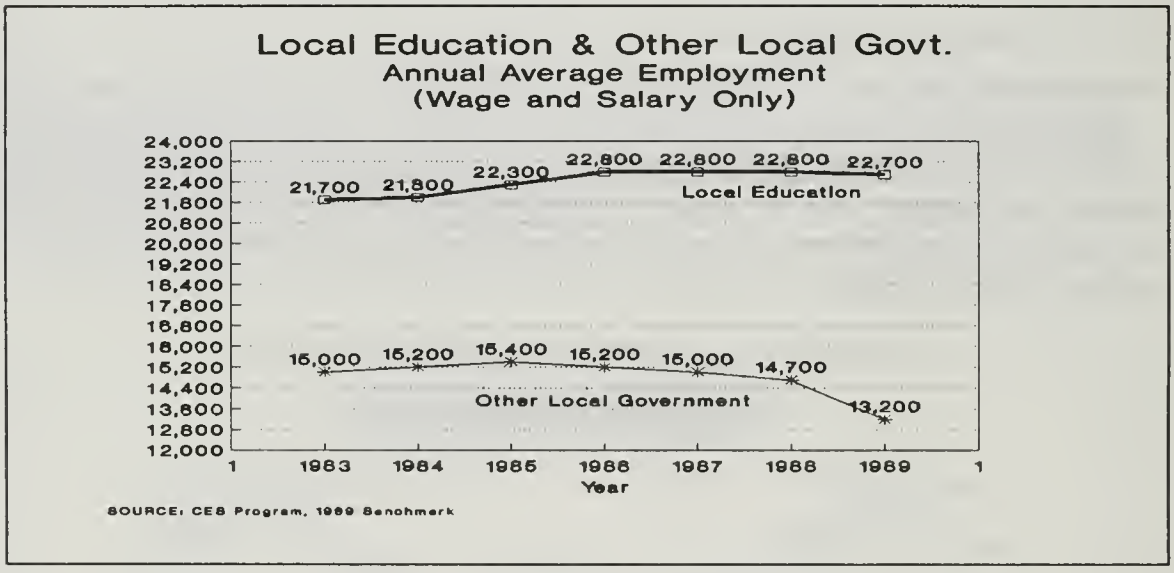


SERVICE jobs increased 4.6 percent from 1987 to 1988—and 5.3 percent from 1988 to 1989. They continued to grow in 1990, with April 1990 jobs 6 percent ahead of April 1989 figures. **Health Services** showed the biggest increase, adding 900 jobs in 1989. **Miscellaneous Repair Services** showed the highest rate of growth, with a 27.3 percent increase in jobs in 1989.



GOVERNMENT jobs were down in 1989 from the previous year, mostly because of a loss of 1,500 jobs in **Other Local Government. Federal Government** was down 200 jobs in 1989 as fewer fire fighters were used than in the previous year. **State Government** jobs increased in 1989, mostly at state colleges and universities. April 1990 job numbers showed **Local Government** jobs down 1.6 percent from April 1989—and **State Government** jobs up 0.9 percent. April 1990 **Federal Government** jobs were up because of temporary U.S. Census jobs.





Personal Income Posts Substantial Gains

Total personal income for Montanans rose 7.5 percent in 1989 from the previous year—with **total per capita income** standing at $13,852 in 1989. This compares at only 78.9 percent of the U.S. total per capita income. However, the increase of 7.4 percent in Montana's per capita income was greater than the 6.5 percent increase for the nation—and was substantially higher than the 4.8 percent rise in the U.S. Consumer Price Index.

There was also a 3.9 percent improvement in **average weekly wages** to $289.16 for production workers on private wage-and-salary jobs. This was attributable to a gain in **average hourly earnings** of 31 cents an hour.

Average hourly earnings continued to improve in 1990. April 1990's $9.00 average hourly earnings were 16 cents higher than in April 1989.

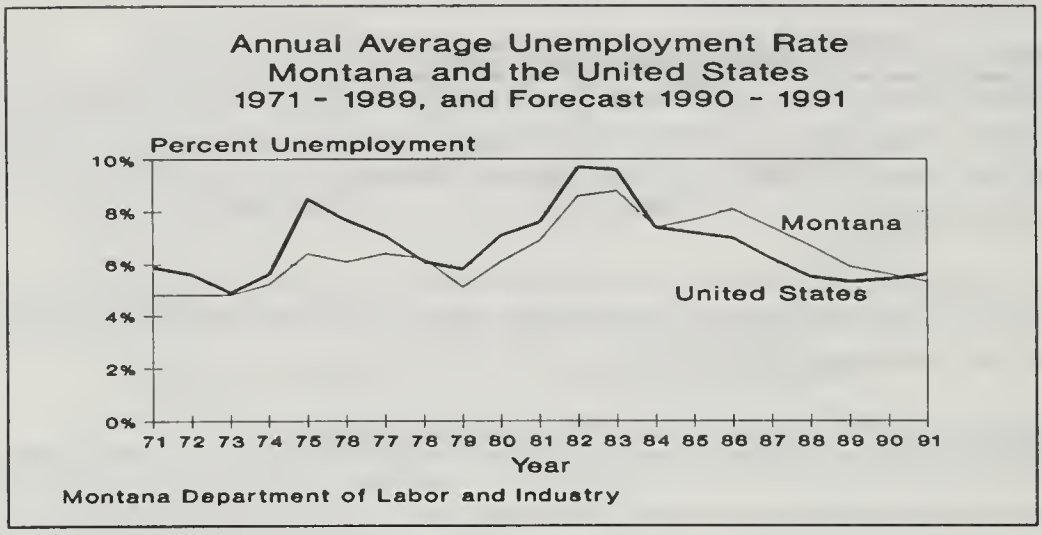
Lowest Unemployment Rate Since 1979

Montana's **unemployed** in 1989 averaged 24,000—or 3,000 fewer than for the previous year. The number of unemployed continued to show a downward trend during the first four months of 1990—with the 12-month moving average showing a decline of 1,400 unemployed.

Total employment remained at around 374,000 from 1984 through 1987. Total employment then jumped to 381,000 in 1989—after an increase of 1,000 in 1988, and another increase of 6,000 in 1989.

New Business Establishment Numbers Decline

Three hundred fewer **new businesses** were reported in 1989 than in 1988. This downturn occurred after a one-year plateau, preceeded by three declining years. All industries had fewer new businesses formed. The largest rates of decline showed up in MINING; AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY & FISHERIES; and SERVICES. All **labor force areas** experienced this slowdown except for Bozeman and Miles City.



EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION, 16 YEARS AND OVER, UNITED STATES AND STATE OF MONTANA (ANNUAL AVERAGE)

(IN THOUSANDS)

	UNITED STATES				STATE OF MONTANA			
YEAR	CLF	EMP	UNEMP	RATE	CLF	EMP	UNEMP	RATE
1971	84382	79367	5016	5.9%	278	265	13	4.8%
1972	87034	82153	4882	5.6%	291	277	14	4.8%
1973	89429	85064	4365	4.9%	303	289	14	4.8%
1974	91949	86794	5156	5.6%	318	302	16	5.2%
1975	93775	85846	7929	8.5%	322	302	20	6.4%
1976	96158	88752	7406	7.7%	335	315	20	6.1%
1977	99009	92017	6991	7.1%	348	326	22	6.4%
1978	102251	96048	6202	6.1%	368	345	23	6.2%
1979	104962	98824	5137	5.8%	371	352	19	5.1%
1980	106940	99303	7637	7.1%	371	348	23	6.1%
1981	108670	100397	8273	7.6%	385	358	27	6.9%
1982	110204	99526	10678	9.7%	394	360	34	8.6%
1983	111550	100834	10717	9.6%	395	360	35	8.8%
1984	113544	105005	8539	7.5%	404	374	30	7.4%
1985	115461	107150	8312	7.2%	405	374	31	7.7%
1986	117834	109597	8237	7.0%	407	374	33	8.1%
1987	119865	112440	7425	6.2%	404	374	30	7.4%
1988	121669	114968	6701	5.5%	402	375	27	6.7%
1989	123800	117300	6500	5.3%	405	381	24	5.9%
*1990	125500	118700	6800	5.4%	408	385	23	5.6%
*1991	127400	120300	7100	5.6%	409	387	22	5.3%

*U.S. Forecast by The WEFA Group (May 1990)

*Montana Forecast by Montana Department of Labor & Industry (May 1990)

Section III
Projections

Industry Trends Projected Through the Year 2000

The U.S. economy is projected to add another 18 million jobs by the year 2000. Total employment is projected to rise from 118 million in 1988 to 136 million by the turn of the century.

Most of these new jobs are expected to occur in service-producing industries. In contrast, job numbers should remain sluggish in goods-producing industries, with manufacturing jobs declining slightly.

About half the new service-producing sector jobs will be in retail trade, health services and business services. Government employment is also projected to add jobs. The rate of growth for all these divisions from 1988 to 2000, however, is projected to be much slower than between 1976 and 1988.

The following chart shows projected employment within major U.S. industry divisions:

U.S. Employment by Major Industry Divisions

Industry Type	Projected Employment for the Year 2000	Annual Rate of Change 1988 - 2000
Total	**136,211,000**	**1.2%**
Nonfarm Wage and Salary	122,056,000	1.3%
Goods-Producing	25,680,000	.1%
Mining	705,000	- .2%
Construction	5,885,000	1.2%
Manufacturing	19,090,000	- .1%
Service-Producing	96,376,000	1.6%
Transportation & Utilities	6,096,000	.8%
Wholesale Trade	6,936,000	1.2%
Retail Trade	22,875,000	1.5%
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	7,762,000	1.3%
Services	33,718,000	2.5%
Government	18,989,000	.7%
Agriculture	3,125,000	- .3%
Private Households	1,103,000	- .4%
Nonfarm self-employed & unpaid family	9,927,000	1.1%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

The fastest growing and declining U.S. industries are listed in the following chart:

U.S. Employment Change in Selected Industries, 1988 - 2000

Industry	1988 Level	Annual Rate of Change 1988-2000
Fastest growing:		
Computer & data processing services	678,000	4.9%
Outpatient facilities & health services, n.e.c.	675,000	4.7%
Personnel supply services	1,369,000	4.1%
Water & sanitation, including combined services	152,000	3.9%
Residential care	391,000	3.8%
Offices of health practitioners	1,850,000	3.5%
Arrangement of passenger transportation	175,000	3.4%
Research, management & consulting services	811,000	3.2%
Individual & miscellaneous social services	571,000	3.2%
Personal services, n.e.c.	294,000	3.2%
Nursing & personal care facilities	1,319,000	3.1%
Credit reporting & business services, n.e.c.	776,000	3.1%
Most rapidly declining:		
Tobacco manufactures	56,000	-2.8%
Telephone & telegraph apparatus	111,000	-2.3%
Miscellaneous textile goods	56,000	-2.3%
Alcoholic beverages	72,000	-2.2%
Office & accounting machines	56,000	-2.2%
Footwear, except rubber & plastic	90,000	-2.1%
Railroad transportation	299,000	-2.1%
Tires & inner tubes	84,000	-2.0%
Photographic equipment & supplies	112,000	-1.8%
Coal mining	151,000	-1.8%
Luggage, handbags & leather products, n.e.c.	54,000	-1.8%
Miscellaneous transportation equipment	62,000	-1.7%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, "**Monthly Labor Review**," November 1989

MONTANA INDUSTRY EMPLOYMENT

Montana's industries are projected to employ 304,720 wage and salary workers by 1995. This represents an increase of 35,880, or 13.3 percent, from the base year of 1986. Although the annual rate of growth is slightly less than 1.5 percent, there undoubtedly will be years when Montana's employment growth exceeds or fails to achieve this annual growth rate.

Between the base year of 1986 and the projection year of 1995, educational services, health services, and eating and drinking places (in that order) will again employ the most workers in Montana. Some industries in Montana are projected to lose employment. Those industries expected to have a decline in workers over this nine year span will be membership organizations, railroad transportation and manufacturing of primary metals. Also projected to lose employment would be manufacturing of fabricated metal products, manufacturing of petroleum and coal products, manufacturing of food and kindred products, motion pictures, communications, transportation by pipe lines, and manufacturing of leather products.

Although the group of industries called "services" will again employ the most workers in 1995, it is projected that the construction industries will show the greatest percentage growth by showing a 22 percent improvement in their employment numbers between 1986 and 1995.

The smallest growth both in number of workers and percentage change in employment is projected to be in the communications and utilities industries.

MONTANA INDUSTRY EMPLOYMENT

INDUSTRY	1986 Annual Avg. Employment	1995 Projected Employment	Change In Employment
Total of all Industries	**268,840**	**304,720**	**35,880**
Mining	**5,830**	**6,410**	**580**
Metal Mining	1,160	1,170	10
Coal & Lignite Mining	1,330	1,780	450
Oil & Gas Extraction	2,310	2,310	0
Nonmetallic Mining & Quarrying	1,020	1,150	130
Construction	**10,190**	**12,450**	**2,260**
General Bldg. Construction	2,810	3,630	820
General Contractors	2,910	3,560	650
Special Trade Contractors	4,470	5,260	790
Durable Goods Manufacturing	**12,780**	**12,920**	**140**
Lumber & Wood Products	8,240	8,610	370
Furniture & Fixtures	230	230	0
Stone, Clay & Glass	1,040	1,060	20
Primary Metal Industries	1,210	870	-340
Fabricated Metal Products	570	370	-200
Machinery, Except Electrical	480	580	100
Electrical Machinery/Equipment	170	250	80
Transportation Equipment	200	200	0
Professional Instruments	130	130	0
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	520	620	100
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	**8,370**	**9,160**	**790**
Food & Kindred Products	2,790	2,640	-150
Apparel & Textile Products	590	1,100	510
Paper & Allied Products	860	1,160	300
Printing & Publishing Industries	2,420	2,630	210
Chemicals & Allied Products	660	760	100
Petroleum & Coal Products	860	670	-190
Rubber & Plastic Products	130	140	10
Leather & Leather Products	70	60	-10
Transportation	**14,460**	**15,430**	**970**
Railroad Transportation	3,800	3,340	-460
Local & Interurban Transit	1,130	1,210	80
Trucking & Warehousing	5,570	6,300	730
U.S. Postal Service	2,480	2,530	50
Water Transportation	20	30	10
Air Transportation	850	1,260	410
Pipe Lines, Except Natural Gas	100	80	-20
Transportation Services	510	680	170

INDUSTRY	1986 Annual Avg. Employment	1995 Projected Employment	Change In Employment
Communications & Utilities	**8,570**	**8,950**	**380**
Communications	3,940	3,890	-50
Utilities & Sanitary Services	4,630	5,060	430
Wholesale Trade	**15,290**	**16,570**	**1,280**
Durable Goods	8,080	8,350	270
Nondurable Goods	7,210	8,220	1,010
Retail Trade	**57,160**	**64,380**	**7,220**
Bldg./Garden Sup., Mobile Homes	2,760	2,850	90
Retail Trade, Gen. Merchandise	5,750	6,040	290
Food Stores	8,510	10,040	1,530
Automobile & RV 's	7,730	7,800	70
Apparel & Accessories Stores	2,500	2,580	80
Furniture/Home Furnishings Stores	2,160	2,770	610
Eating & Drinking Places	21,730	25,160	3,430
Miscellaneous Retail Stores	6,030	7,140	1,110
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	**13,070**	**15,130**	**2,060**
Banking	4,990	5,230	240
Credit Agencies Other Than Banks	1,830	2,330	500
Security/Commodity Brokers	580	740	160
Insurance Carriers	1,260	1,430	170
Insurance Agents/Brokers/Services	1,750	2,400	650
Real Estate	2,420	2,730	310
Real Estate/Insur/Loans/Law Offices	100	100	0
Holding/Other Investment Offices	140	170	30
Services	**88,130**	**105,630**	**17,500**
Hotels/Lodging Places	6,880	7,420	540
Personal Services	2,950	3,340	390
Misc. Business Services	6,350	8,480	2,130
Auto. Repair/Services/Garages	2,020	2,480	460
Misc. Repair Services	860	1,220	360
Motion Pictures	600	550	-50
Amuse./Rec., Except Motion Pict.	2,350	3,230	880
Health Services	23,000	29,260	6,260
Legal Services	1,950	2,770	820
Educational Services	29,700	35,230	5,530
Social Services	4,330	5,030	700
Museums/Art Galleries/Zoos	90	150	60
Membership Organizations	4,200	2,870	-1,330
Miscellaneous Services	2,840	3,600	760
Government	**34,990**	**37,690**	**2,700**
Federal Government	10,190	10,890	700
State Gov.,Exc. Educ. & Hospitals	10,000	10,800	800
Local Gov.,Exc. Educ. & Hospitals	14,800	16,000	1,200

NATIONAL OCCUPATIONAL OUTLOOK

The U.S. Department of Labor projects a national job growth of 15 percent from 1988 to the year 2000—or about half that of the previous 12-year period due to a slowdown of labor force growth. Employment opportunities will be available across a complete range of occupations—but workers having the most education and training will generally be in better positions to obtain higher-paying jobs.

Nearly 80 percent of the 18 million new jobs projected for the nation are expected to be in services-producing industries—with the bulk of the 1988-2000 employment increases expected in the services industry. Not quite half of these 4.2 million services industry jobs are projected for food preparation and service occupations. Large numbers of additional jobs are also expected in clerical, marketing and sales occupations.

Within the goods-producing industries, the level of employment in mining is expected to remain almost unchanged between 1988 and 2000. Employment in construction is expected to grow by 760,000 jobs nationwide, with more than half of the increase in the construction trades. Improved production processes that rely heavily on advanced technology are expected to adversely affect nearly all manufacturing occupations.

Each of the 3 major occupational groups requiring the highest levels of education—**executive, administrative and managerial occupations**, **professional specialty occupations**, and **technicians and related occupations**—is projected to continue showing higher-than-average job growth through the year 2000. The **service occupations** group will add more jobs than any other major occupational group. Nearly three-fourths of these jobs will be in food preparation and service, health service, and cleaning and building service occupations.

Jobs in **precision production, craft and repair occupations** are projected to grow more slowly than the average. Nearly all job growth is expected to be in the construction and services industry divisions. A slight decline is projected for manufacturing jobs.

The following table shows U.S. Department of Labor employment projections for the nation's major occupational groups:

Employment Proportions of Major U.S. Occupational Groups

Occupational Group	1988	Projected to 2000
Executive, Administrative & Managerial	10.2%	10.8%
Professional Specialty	12.4%	13.3%
Technicians & Related Support	3.3%	3.7%
Marketing & Sales	11.3%	11.7%
Administrative Support, Including Clerical	17.8%	17.3%
Service	15.6%	16.6%
Precision Production, Craft and Repair	12.0%	11.4%
Operators, Fabricators and Laborers	14.4%	12.6%
Agricultural, Forestry, Fishing and Related	3.0%	2.4%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics

Most analyses of future job opportunities in the United States focus on employment growth in industries and occupations. Because faster growing industries and occupations generally offer better opportunities for advancement, employment growth is an important measure of job outlook. However, it is not the only one.

Job opportunities develop from 2 sources: (1) an increase in demand for workers in certain occupations, and (2) the need to replace workers who retire, leave the labor force or change careers. Generally, openings resulting from replacement needs are far greater than those stemming from increased demand. Large occupations that are not expected to show much job growth will generate more jobs than fast-growing smaller occupations.

Also important to consider is the availability of workers in various occupations. Sometimes the supply of workers in certain occupations expands at a faster pace than the availability of jobs.

The following table lists those occupations that will generate the most jobs in the U.S. economy during the 1988-2000 period:

U.S. Occupations Generating the Most Jobs, 1988-2000

Occupation	Total Job Growth 1988-2000	Percent Increase 1988-2000
Salespersons, retail	730,000	19.0%
Registered nurses	613,000	38.8%
Janitors and cleaners, including maids and housekeeping cleaners	556,000	19.2%
Waiters and waitresses	551,000	30.9%
General managers and top executives	479,000	15.8%
General office clerks	455,000	18.1%
Secretaries, except legal and medical	385,000	13.2%
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	378,000	31.9%
Truck drivers, light and heavy	369,000	15.4%
Receptionists and information clerks	331,000	39.8%
Cashiers	304,000	13.2%
Guards	256,000	32.2%
Computer programmers	250,000	48.1%
Food counter, fountain and related workers	240,000	14.7%
Food preparation workers	234,000	22.8%
Licensed practical nurses	229,000	36.6%
Teachers, secondary school	224,000	19.2%
Computer systems analysts	214,000	53.3%
Accountants and auditors	211,000	22.0%
Teachers, kindergarten and elementary	208,000	15.3%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics

Reflecting the very rapid growth of the health services industries, half of the 20 occupations with the fastest projected growth rates are health service occupations. The health-related occupation projected to grow most rapidly over the 1988-2000 period is **medical assistants.** The next fastest growing occupation, **home health aides,** will be in great demand to help care for the increasing U.S. population who are aged and ill – but live at home. Other health occupations with rapid projected growth include **radiologic technicians and technologists; medical record technicians; medical secretaries; physical therapists; surgical technologists; physical and corrective therapy assistants and aides;** and **occupational therapists.**

Rapid growth is also expected for occupations involved in computer technology, such as **data processing equipment repairers, operations research analysts, computer systems analysts** and **computer programmers.**

The fastest growing occupation, **paralegals,** is expected to benefit from rapid growth in the legal services industry. Other growth occupations include **securities and financial services sales representatives, travel agents** and **social welfare service aides.**

The occupation projected to have the biggest decline in employment from 1988-2000 is **all other assemblers and fabricators.** Other declining occupations are expected to be **electrical and electronic assemblers; farm workers; sewing machine operators;** and **typists and word processors.**

The following table indicates the projected fastest growing and fastest declining U.S. occupations for 1988-2000:

Growing and Declining U.S. Occupations, 1988-2000

Fastest Growing	Fastest Declining
Paralegals	All other assemblers & fabricators
Medical assistants	Electrical & electronic assumblers
Home health aides	Farm workers
Radiologic technologists & technicians	Sewing machine operators, garment
Data processing equipment repairers	Hand packers & packagers
Medical records technicians	Electrical & electronic equipment assemblers
Medical secretaries	Typists & word processors
Physical therapists	Inspectors, testers & graders, precision
Surgical technologists	Packaging & filling machine workers
Computer operations research analysts	Machine feeders & offbearers
Securities & financial services sales workers	Textile draw-out & winding machine workers
Travel agents	All other machine operators, tenders, setters & set-up operators
Computer systems analysts	Child care workers, private household
Physical & corrective therapy assistants	All other mechanics, installers & repairers
Social welfare service aides	Industrial truck & tractor operators
Occupational therapists	Crushing & mixing machine workers
Computer programmers	All other hand workers
Human services workers	Machine forming workers, metal & plastic
Respiratory therapists	Welders & cutters
Correction officers & jailers	Welding machine setters, operators & tenders

Source: U.S. Dept of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics

Employment is generally projected to increase faster in occupational groups requiring more education than in those requiring less education. Workers with 4-year college degrees earn more on average than workers without degrees; and workers with more education are expected to earn more within each occupational group. Access to higher paying jobs is likely to be particularly restricted for those with less than a high school education.

Some occupations that do not require a four-year college degree and involve above-average earnings, however, are expected to offer favorable employment prospects. Several of these occupations are found in the construction trades, and include **bricklayers and stonemasons; electricians; plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters;** and **structural and reinforcing metal workers.** Other skilled occupations with favorable employment opportunities are **mechanics, installers and repairers (including data processing equipment repairers); electronic repairers, commercial and industrial equipment; industrial machinery mechanics; heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers;** and **mobile heavy equipment mechanics.**

Other promising occupations include **insurance sales workers; travel agents; real estate sales agents; paralegals; airplane pilots and flight engineers; flight attendants;** and **reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks.** Also **lithography and photoengraving workers;** and **operating engineers.**

Source: U.S. Dept of Labor, BLS, Monthly Labor Review, November 1989.

MONTANA'S OCCUPATIONAL OUTLOOK

Between 1986 and 1995, wage and salary type occupations are projected to grow by 35,800 in Montana. This would amount to almost 4,000 new jobs being created per year over this 9 year period.

The **retail salesperson** occupation is projected to again be the most common occupation in 1995, followed by **truck drivers, cashiers, waiters/waitresses, bookkeeping/accounting clerks** and **secretaries.** The 3 largest declining occupations are expected to be **stenographers, railroad brake/signal/switch operators** and **data entry keyers.**

The biggest number of job openings in Montana will continue to be in retail sales. Projections call for about 600 openings each year through 1995 for **retail salespersons. Cashiers** are also projected to be in good demand, with over 300 positions projected each year. There should also be a good supply of jobs for **sales floor stock clerks** and **first line sales supervisors.**

Health service jobs will be plentiful in certain occupations. The **registered nurse** occupation is the fastest growing occupation in Montana. Projections show nearly 400 jobs opening up each year for RN's due to health industry growth and retirements and deaths. Jobs for **nursing aides and orderlies** are projected to become available at the rate of around 200 each year. **Licensed practical nurses** should also be in a favorable job market through 1995.

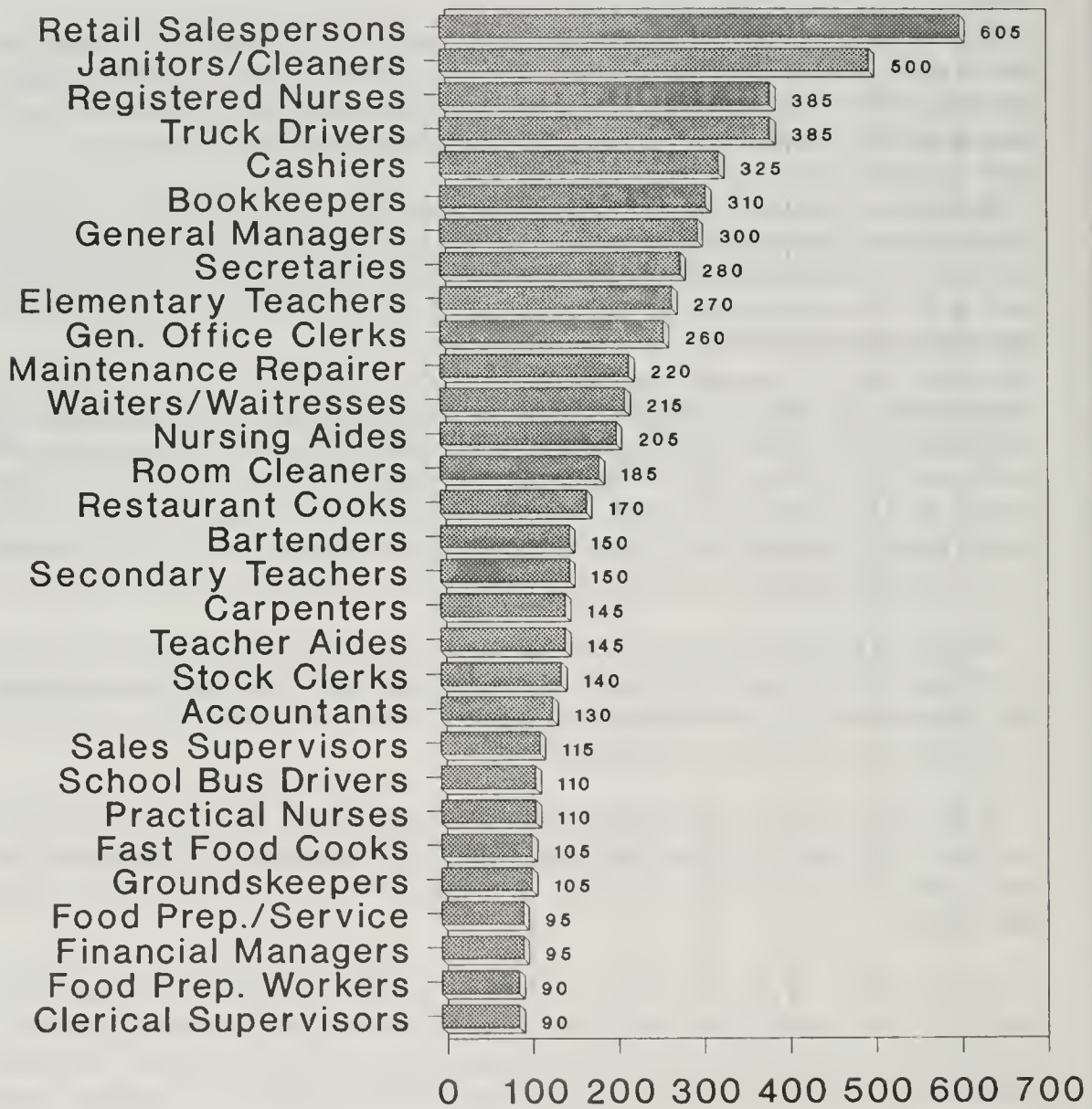
Projections call for teaching jobs to open up at the rate of around 270 each year for **elementary teachers**, and 150 a year for **secondary teachers.** There also should be good job opportunities for **paraprofessional teacher aides.** The availability of education funds will be crucial to school hiring, of course.

In the clerical field, **bookkeeping and accounting clerks** should see around 300 openings each year. Nearly as many jobs should become available to **secretaries** each year—with another 50 job openings for **legal secretaries**, and 30 for **medical secretaries.**

Good numbers of service jobs are projected for **janitors**, who are forecast to see nearly 500 jobs opening up each year. Jobs for **waiters and waitresses** should be plentiful, with over 200 job openings projected for each year through 1995. State Department of Labor and Industry projections also look favorable for **cooks** and **room cleaners.**

The production, operating and maintenance occupation showing the most projected job openings per year is that of **truck driver,** with nearly 400 truck driving jobs forecast for each year. There should be about 200 jobs opening up each year for **general utility maintenance repairers**, and nearly 150 jobs for **carpenters.** Job prospects should also be good for **school bus drivers.**

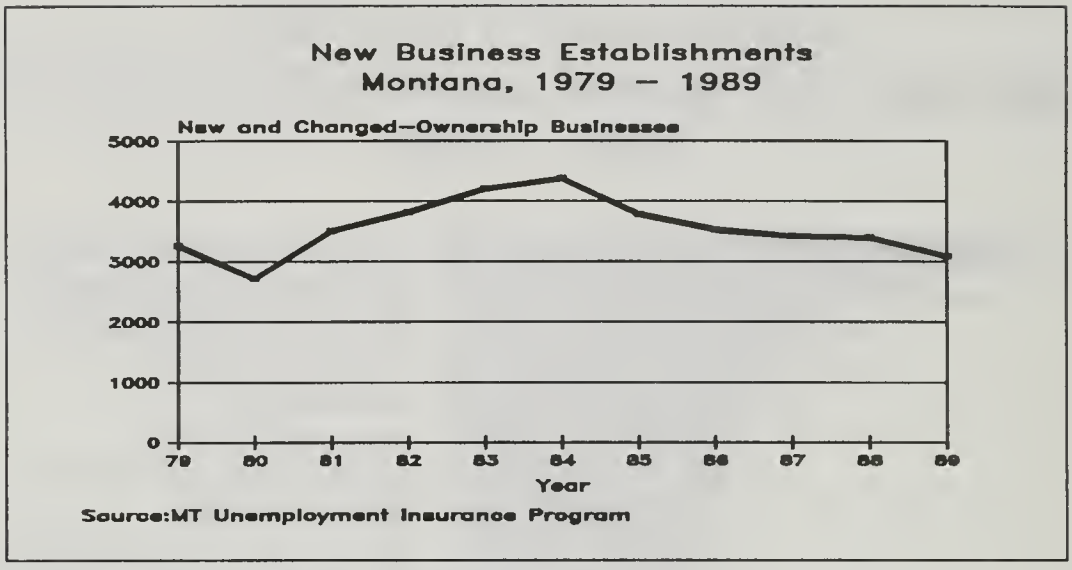
Montana's Occupations Ranked by Estimated Annual Job Openings 1986 - 1995



Montana Department of Labor and Industry

Note: A more detailed analysis of Montana's occupations can be found in two Montana Department of Labor and Industry publications: Montana Industry and Occupational Employment Outlook, 1986-1995, published in March 1988; and Montana's Growing and Declining Industries and Occupations, 1986-1995, published in April 1989.

Section IV
Tables - Statewide



NEW AND CHANGED-OWNERSHIP BUSINESSES IN MONTANA BY INDUSTRY FOR 1987, 1988 AND 1989

*INDUSTRY	1987	%	1988	%	1989	%
Agriculture, Forest, Fish	96	2.8%	112	3.3%	92	3.0%
Mining	60	1.8%	47	1.4%	38	1.2%
Construction	388	11.3%	339	10.0%	337	10.9%
Manufacturing	193	5.6%	187	5.5%	185	6.0%
Transp.,Commun., Electric, Gas	178	5.2%	171	5.0%	159	5.1%
Trade: Wholesale, Retail	952	27.8%	970	28.6%	838	27.1%
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate	159	4.6%	178	5.2%	149	4.8%
Services	1133	33.1%	1090	32.1%	896	29.0%
**Non-classifiable Establishments	262	7.7%	303	8.9%	397	12.8%
STATE TOTAL	**3421**	**100.0%**	**3397**	**100.0%**	**3091**	**100.0%**

*The new business tally does include successors to active accounts (an established business with a new owner).

**Some new enterprises do not identify their business activities when registering with the State Unemployment Insurance Program. Eventually these businesses are placed under proper industry codes.

NEW BUSINESS FIRMS IN MONTANA

AREAS	Year-to-Date 1989	1988
STATE OF MONTANA	3091	3396
GREAT FALLS MSA	226	290
BILLINGS MSA	401	501
ANACONDA-BUTTE LFA	229	261
Beaverhead	30	38
Deer Lodge	29	24
Granite	10	18
Madison	47	34
Powell	12	21
Silver Bow	101	126
BOZEMAN LFA	341	313
Gallatin	264	236
Meagher	4	12
Park	73	65
GLASGOW LFA	73	83
Daniels	6	10
Phillips	10	16
Roosevelt	26	22
Sheridan	12	12
Valley	19	23
GLENDIVE LFA	74	75
Dawson	22	24
Garfield	2	6
McCone	3	7
Prairie	8	2
Richland	36	35
Wibaux	3	1
HARDIN-RED LODGE LFA	76	91
Big Horn	23	25
Carbon	34	30
Stillwater	14	23
Sweet Grass	5	13
HAVRE LFA	61	69
Blaine	11	15
Hill	40	48
Liberty	10	6

AREAS	Year-to-Date 1989	1988
MULTI COUNTY BUSINESS	370	272
HELENA LFA	188	218
Broadwater	11	17
Jefferson	15	20
Lewis and Clark	162	181
KALISPELL LFA	404	462
Flathead	257	292
Lake	67	76
Lincoln	80	94
LEWISTOWN LFA	65	92
Fergus	35	52
Golden Valley	3	6
Judith Basin	3	16
Musselshell	10	8
Petroleum	1	1
Wheatland	13	9
MILES CITY LFA	86	77
Carter	2	4
Custer	36	20
Fallon	11	9
Powder River	8	11
Rosebud	27	28
Treasure	2	5
MISSOULA LFA	395	486
Mineral	13	8
Missoula	264	330
Ravalli	90	122
Sanders	28	26
SHELBY-CUT BANK LFA	102	106
Chouteau	8	17
Glacier	28	37
Pondera	28	12
Teton	21	18
Toole	17	22

The new business tally includes sucessors to active accounts (an established business with a new owner) which amounts to nearly one-third of the total new businesses.

This table was prepared by the Montana Department of Labor and Industry, Research and Analysis Bureau, from Unemployment Insurance administrative records and is produced for informational purposes only.

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1989

(IN THOUSANDS) (90 BM)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	397.1	398.9	397.2	401.6	405.6	413.4	415.4	416.1	405.8	404.7	401.5	402.3	405
EMPLOYED PERSONS	367.8	368.8	387.2	378.4	383.5	387.7	393.9	396.1	385.9	383.7	377.7	381.2	381
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	25.0	29.4	29.0	38.3	40.6	40.9	39.9	38.1	32.1	35.1	29.9	28.4	33.9
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	29.3	30.1	30.0	23.2	22.1	25.7	21.5	20.0	19.9	21.0	23.8	21.1	24.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED	7.4%	7.6%	7.6%	5.8%	5.5%	6.2%	5.2%	4.8%	4.9%	5.2%	5.9%	5.3%	5.9%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	6.2%	6.4%	6.4%	5.8%	5.6%	6.1%	5.7%	5.8%	6.1%	5.9%	6.1%	5.0%	5.9%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1988

(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	396.3	393.4	394.1	398.4	399.9	408.5	409.7	410.3	403.5	403.9	405.1	400.8	402.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	365.4	359.7	360.4	367.9	371.0	382.5	383.2	387.8	381.9	382.1	383.0	375.2	375.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	23.2	27.2	29.9	37.5	39.9	41.9	41.1	40.5	32.1	30.4	30.3	26.4	33.4
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	30.9	33.7	33.7	30.5	28.9	26.0	26.5	22.5	21.6	21.8	22.1	25.6	27.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED	7.8%	8.6%	8.6%	7.7%	7.2%	6.4%	6.5%	5.5%	5.4%	5.4%	5.5%	6.4%	6.8%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	6.6%	7.4%	7.4%	7.6%	7.3%	6.3%	7.1%	6.5%	6.5%	6.1%	5.6%	6.1%	6.8%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1987

(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	404.7	400.8	396.2	400.4	400.4	403.2	412.4	411.9	402.7	406.4	405.5	403.2	404.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	369.5	367.0	362.9	370.8	370.5	371.3	384.7	385.5	379.0	378.3	376.8	371.4	374.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	24.6	25.3	26.4	34.3	33.8	35.1	37.6	36.9	35.2	30.5	26.5	26.1	31.0
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	35.2	33.8	33.3	29.6	29.9	31.9	27.7	26.4	23.7	28.1	28.7	31.8	30.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED	8.7%	8.4%	8.4%	7.4%	7.5%	7.9%	6.7%	6.4%	5.9%	6.9%	7.1%	7.9%	7.4%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	7.5%	7.3%	7.3%	7.3%	7.6%	7.9%	7.3%	7.4%	7.1%	7.6%	7.1%	7.6%	7.4%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1986

(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	400.6	399.4	399.4	405.6	408.2	413.9	418.1	414.2	409.8	407.4	403.6	403.7	407.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	363.8	362.0	363.1	372.9	375.2	381.4	386.6	384.5	377.4	378.1	371.3	371.7	374.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	22.4	23.4	22.5	26.9	30.3	34.3	35.6	34.0	27.9	27.2	24.9	24.0	27.8
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	36.8	37.4	36.3	32.8	33.0	32.5	31.5	29.7	32.4	29.2	32.3	32.1	33.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED	9.2%	9.4%	9.1%	8.1%	8.1%	7.8%	7.5%	7.2%	7.9%	7.2%	8.0%	7.9%	8.1%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	7.9%	8.2%	8.1%	7.9%	8.2%	8.1%	8.2%	8.1%	9.0%	7.8%	8.1%	7.6%	8.1%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1985
(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	404.0	399.1	400.6	404.8	406.5	412.9	414.0	410.1	398.8	402.4	402.3	404.5	405.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	367.5	365.1	369.8	374.7	380.8	382.8	384.5	381.1	370.8	372.1	369.3	369.5	374.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	27.4	26.1	28.8	34.9	37.4	38.2	39.5	35.9	27.1	28.6	21.9	21.6	30.6
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	36.5	34.0	30.8	30.1	25.7	30.1	29.5	29.0	28.0	30.2	33.1	35.0	31.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED	9.0%	8.5%	7.7%	7.4%	6.3%	7.3%	7.1%	7.1%	7.0%	7.5%	8.2%	8.7%	7.7%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	7.6%	7.4%	6.6%	7.2%	6.5%	7.5%	7.9%	8.1%	8.2%	8.2%	8.3%	8.3%	7.7%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1984
(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	394.0	392.3	396.2	403.3	402.8	412.2	413.2	414.3	406.0	405.2	407.1	401.6	404.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	355.7	357.4	361.6	371.7	377.3	382.1	387.6	388.8	381.5	379.0	377.5	369.9	374.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	29.2	29.4	29.8	34.0	38.5	40.5	42.6	37.7	35.6	37.8	27.0	25.0	33.9
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	38.2	34.9	34.6	31.5	25.5	30.0	25.6	27.5	24.5	26.2	29.6	31.7	30.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED	9.7%	8.9%	8.7%	7.8%	6.3%	7.3%	6.2%	6.6%	6.0%	6.5%	7.3%	7.9%	7.4%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	8.2%	7.7%	7.6%	7.5%	6.6%	7.5%	7.0%	7.7%	7.2%	7.2%	7.4%	7.6%	7.4%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1983
(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	389.6	384.9	387.2	388.9	391.8	397.5	406.5	403.4	397.5	395.7	398.2	398.8	395.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	347.5	344.3	345.4	350.4	355.6	362.1	373.9	374.2	369.5	365.5	366.5	365.2	360.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	27.4	30.6	30.3	36.3	39.6	40.7	42.6	40.0	35.6	36.9	34.3	30.7	35.4
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	42.1	40.6	41.8	38.5	36.2	35.4	32.6	29.2	28.0	30.3	31.7	33.7	35.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED	10.8%	10.6%	10.8%	9.9%	9.2%	8.9%	8.0%	7.2%	7.0%	7.7%	8.0%	8.4%	8.9%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	9.2%	9.3%	9.6%	9.5%	9.6%	9.1%	8.9%	8.4%	8.1%	8.4%	8.1%	8.1%	8.9%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1982
(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	384.5	383.9	388.0	390.9	393.4	399.4	406.8	405.0	395.6	394.6	391.8	394.2	394.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	347.2	346.6	349.4	354.8	362.4	364.3	374.2	374.2	365.2	363.8	359.6	358.4	360.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	37.8	37.0	38.5	41.9	46.4	49.3	50.3	44.5	42.2	40.5	33.8	29.3	41.0
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	37.3	37.3	38.6	36.1	31.0	35.0	32.6	30.9	30.4	30.8	32.2	35.8	34.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED	9.7%	9.7%	9.9%	9.2%	7.9%	8.8%	8.0%	7.6%	7.7%	7.8%	8.2%	9.1%	8.6%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	8.1%	8.5%	8.7%	8.8%	8.3%	9.1%	9.0%	8.8%	8.7%	8.5%	8.4%	8.8%	8.6%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1981

(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	372.9	389.9	380.3	375.7	380.1	392.5	396.9	397.3	388.1	390.1	388.2	387.8	385.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	341.8	340.3	351.3	352.3	355.9	363.9	373.4	374.1	363.1	362.7	359.4	357.9	358.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	33.1	33.4	36.2	38.4	36.6	39.2	42.7	45.5	42.7	43.6	39.3	37.4	39.0
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	31.1	29.6	29.0	23.4	24.2	28.7	23.5	23.2	25.1	27.5	28.8	30.0	27.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED.	8.3%	8.0%	7.6%	6.2%	6.4%	7.3%	5.9%	5.8%	6.5%	7.0%	7.4%	7.7%	7.0%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	6.7%	6.7%	6.4%	5.8%	6.9%	7.7%	6.9%	6.9%	7.3%	7.7%	7.6%	7.4%	7.0%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1980

(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEPT	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	364.4	360.3	366.1	367.8	368.5	372.9	380.1	378.2	371.4	375.2	373.3	373.9	371.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	340.1	337.0	343.3	345.3	348.0	352.9	360.6	356.7	347.1	350.8	347.5	346.6	348.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	19.6	20.5	24.9	30.2	35.7	38.2	36.9	36.8	35.4	36.1	32.9	32.3	31.6
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	24.2	23.2	22.8	22.5	20.5	20.0	19.5	21.5	24.4	24.4	25.7	27.3	23.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED.	6.7%	6.4%	6.2%	6.1%	5.6%	5.4%	5.1%	5.7%	6.6%	6.5%	6.9%	7.3%	6.2%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	5.0%	5.1%	5.0%	5.7%	6.2%	5.8%	6.2%	6.8%	7.3%	7.2%	7.1%	7.0%	6.2%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1979

(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	362.1	363.3	363.1	366.6	370.1	379.8	385.4	383.9	375.0	370.9	367.2	364.5	371.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	336.4	339.6	339.1	346.7	356.3	364.5	369.9	367.1	357.9	354.3	348.0	344.3	352.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	21.3	23.2	27.8	34.2	35.3	40.2	43.0	46.0	35.9	30.5	26.2	22.6	32.2
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	25.7	23.7	24.0	20.0	13.9	15.3	15.5	16.8	17.2	16.7	19.2	20.2	19.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED.	7.1%	6.5%	6.6%	5.4%	3.7%	4.0%	4.0%	4.4%	4.6%	4.5%	5.2%	5.5%	5.1%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	5.5%	5.2%	5.3%	5.1%	4.5%	4.5%	5.0%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.4%	5.2%	5.1%

ANNUAL MONTANA LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1978

(IN THOUSANDS)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE PERSONS	355.1	357.7	360.3	359.7	362.5	370.8	384.1	383.3	374.1	370.3	368.1	370.1	368.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	318.9	324.2	329.1	335.2	342.9	350.5	365.8	368.3	355.7	354.1	349.1	346.3	345.0
PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE	22.0	23.9	28.6	35.1	36.1	41.2	44.1	47.2	36.8	31.3	26.9	23.1	33.0
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	36.2	33.6	31.2	24.5	19.5	20.3	18.3	15.0	18.4	16.2	19.0	23.8	23.0
% OF LABOR FORCE, UNADJUSTED.	10.2%	9.4%	8.7%	6.8%	5.4%	5.5%	4.8%	3.9%	4.9%	4.4%	5.2%	6.4%	6.3%
% OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	8.4%	7.9%	7.3%	6.5%	6.1%	6.0%	5.7%	4.8%	5.7%	5.2%	5.3%	6.0%	6.2%

MONTANA - STATEWIDE

ANNUAL AVERAGE NON-AG WAGE & SALARY EMPLOYMENT

(THOUSANDS OF WORKERS)

	1960	1970	1980	1983	1984	1985	1986	*1987	*1988	*1989
TOTAL NON-AG	166.8	201.4	280.4	276.0	281.1	279.1	275.4	276.0	282.9	290.5
MINING	7.4	6.6	8.8	7.4	7.7	6.8	5.8	5.7	6.2	6.3
METAL MINING	4.5	4.0	1.9	1.4	1.1	0.9	1.2	1.7	2.2	2.6
COAL & NON-METAL	0.7	0.8	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.0	1.1	1.1
OIL & GAS EXTRACTION	2.2	1.8	4.7	3.8	4.3	3.4	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	11.0	11.0	14.5	13.3	12.6	11.5	10.2	8.6	9	9.7
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION	4.3	2.6	4.6	3.5	3.8	3.3	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.6
HEAVY CONSTRUCTION	2.8	4.7	3.9	5.0	3.8	3.2	2.9	2.3	2.6	2.8
SPECIAL TRADE	3.9	3.7	6.0	4.9	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.0	4	4.3
MANUFACTURING	20.4	23.9	24.2	22.1	22.5	21.8	21.1	21.0	21.3	22.0
DURABLE GOODS	12.7	15.5	15.2	12.9	13.8	13.5	12.8	12.9	13.2	13.7
LUMBER & WOOD	7.3	8.2	9.2	8.6	8.8	8.5	8.2	8.4	8.2	8.3
PRIMARY METAL	3.8	4.7	2.6	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	1.6	2.6	3.4	3.1	3.5	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.8	4.2
NON-DURABLE GOODS	7.7	8.4	9.0	9.1	8.7	8.3	8.4	8.1	8.2	8.3
FOOD & KINDRED	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.7	3.1	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6
PRINTING & PUBLISHING	1.7	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6
PETROLEUM REFINING	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8
OTHER NON-DURABLE	0.8	1.2	1.7	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3
TRANS. & PUBLIC UTIL.	19.0	17.4	22.4	20.4	20.8	20.7	20.4	19.6	19.6	20.0
RAILROAD TRANS.	9.0	6.6	6.5	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.6
TRANS. EXCEPT RAILROAD	4.0	4.6	6.6	7.1	7.7	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.3	8.7
COMMUN. & PUBLIC UTIL.	6.0	6.2	9.3	9.2	9.0	8.6	8.5	8.2	7.9	7.7
WHOLESALE & RETAIL TRADE	40.5	48.1	72.3	73.6	75.9	74.6	72.6	72.7	74.7	77.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	8.7	9.8	17.8	17.1	17.4	16.6	15.4	14.8	15.1	15.6
RETAIL TRADE	31.8	38.3	54.5	56.6	58.5	58.0	57.2	57.9	59.6	62.0
GEN. MDSE., APPAREL	5.9	7.0	8.3	8.1	8.3	8.1	8.3	8.6	8.6	8.6
FOOD STORES	4.9	5.6	7.9	8.2	8.4	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.8	9.2
AUTO DEALERS	6.6	7.9	7.7	7.2	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.8	8	8.5
EATING & DRINKING	7.8	10.4	19.7	21.9	22.3	22.0	21.7	22.0	22.7	23.7
OTHER RETAIL TRADE	6.6	7.4	10.9	11.2	11.9	11.4	11.0	11.1	11.5	12.0
FINANCE, INS., REAL ESTATE	6.9	8.1	12.9	13.0	13.4	13.3	13.1	13.3	13.5	13.2
SERVICES	23.1	33.7	55.1	57.8	59.6	60.6	62.1	65.0	68	71.6
HOTEL & LODGING PLACES	3.0	4.0	6.8	6.7	6.9	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0
PERSONAL SERVICES	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.7
MEDICAL & HEALTH SERV.	NA	11.1	18.2	20.9	21.0	21.2	21.9	23.1	23.8	24.7
OTHER SERVICES	18.0	16.2	27.5	27.6	28.9	29.6	30.4	32.0	34.6	37.2
GOVERNMENT	38.5	52.6	70.2	68.4	68.7	69.9	70.2	70.0	70.7	70.1
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	9.9	11.9	13.8	13.0	12.8	12.8	12.7	13.2	13.8	13.6
STATE GOVERNMENT	NA	NA	19.0	18.6	18.9	19.5	19.4	18.9	19.5	20.6
COLLEGES & UNIV.				8.3	8.4	8.7	8.8	8.6	8.8	9.8
OTHER STATE GOVERNMENT				10.3	10.5	10.8	10.6	10.3	10.6	10.8
LOCAL GOVERNMENT	NA	NA	37.4	36.7	37.0	37.7	38.0	37.8	37.5	35.9
LOCAL EDUCATION				21.7	21.8	22.3	22.8	22.8	22.8	22.7
OTHER LOCAL GOVT.				15.0	15.2	15.4	15.2	15.0	14.7	13.2

SOURCE: R & A CES-790 PROGRAM 89 BMK

*Employment within a selected industry may not be comparable prior to 1987 because of revision of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) that took place that year.

1989 ANNUAL MONTANA INDUSTRY EMPLOYMENT

(in thousands) *BMK 89*

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS 1/..	277.7	276.7	279.4	285.9	292.4	300.1	292.1	293.3	297.4	298.8	297.6	294.3	290.5
TOTAL PRIVATE.....	207.5	206.2	208.6	214.4	220.2	227.2	228.0	229.5	227.1	226.5	224.5	224.3	220.3
MINING.....	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.3
10 METAL MINING.....	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6
12 & 14 COAL & NON-METAL MINING.....	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
13 OIL & GAS EXTRACTION.....	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION.....	6.6	6.3	6.8	8.8	10.0	11.0	11.9	12.2	11.9	11.9	10.4	8.7	9.7
15 GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTOS.....	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.5	2.6
16 HVY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.5	3.1	3.4	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.1	2.1	2.8
17 SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS.....	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.9	4.3	4.7	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.1	4.5	4.1	4.3
MANUFACTURING.....	21.3	21.1	20.9	20.8	21.7	22.4	22.5	22.7	22.6	22.7	22.4	22.5	22.0
DURABLE GOODS.....	13.1	13.1	12.9	12.8	13.5	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.2	14.1	14.0	14.0	13.7
24 LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS.....	8.2	8.3	8.0	7.6	8.0	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.3
33 PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES.....	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS.....	3.8	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.2
NON-DURABLE GOODS.....	8.2	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.3	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.6	8.4	8.5	8.3
20 FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS.....	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.6
27 PRINTING & PUBLISHING.....	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6
OTHER NON-DURABLE GOODS.....	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1
TRANSPORTATION & UTILITIES.....	19.3	19.4	19.6	19.7	20.1	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.4	20.0	20.0	20.4	20.0
TRANSPORATION.....	11.5	11.6	11.8	12.0	12.3	12.5	12.4	12.5	12.7	12.4	12.5	12.8	12.3
40 RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION.....	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
41-47 TRANSPORTATION EXC RAILROAD	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.7	8.8	8.7	8.8	9.0	8.8	8.9	9.2	8.7
48 & 49 COMMUNICATION & UTILITIES.....	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.6	7.7
TRADE.....	73.0	72.2	73.1	75.6	77.6	80.2	80.1	81.1	79.9	79.3	79.3	80.0	77.6
WHOLESALE TRADE.....	14.6	14.5	14.8	15.4	15.8	16.2	16.0	16.2	16.1	16.1	15.9	15.9	15.6
DURABLE GOODS.....	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.8	8.0	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.0
NONDURABLE GOODS.....	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.6	7.8	8.0	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.7
RETAIL TRADE.....	58.4	57.7	58.3	60.2	61.8	64.0	64.1	64.9	63.8	63.2	63.4	64.1	62.0
53 & 56 GENERAL MERCH, APPAREL.....	8.7	8.3	8.1	8.1	8.4	8.7	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.6	9.1	9.5	8.6
54 FOOD STORES.....	8.8	8.8	8.9	9.0	9.2	9.5	9.5	9.6	9.5	9.4	9.3	9.4	9.2
55 AUTO DEALERS, SERV. STATIONS.....	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.4	8.7	8.8	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.5
58 EATING & DRINKING PLACES.....	21.8	21.5	21.9	23.0	23.7	24.8	25.0	25.4	24.7	24.5	24.1	24.3	23.7
52,57,59 BLDG MATERIALS, FURN, MISC..	11.1	11.1	11.3	11.8	12.1	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.2	12.0	12.2	12.2	11.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE.....	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	13.2	13.3	13.4	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.2	13.3	13.2
SERVICES EXCEPT DOMESTIC.....	68.7	68.6	69.3	70.1	71.2	73.5	73.1	73.5	72.6	72.8	72.9	73.3	71.6
70 HOTELS & OTHER LODGING PLACES..	6.0	5.9	6.1	5.8	6.3	7.9	8.3	8.3	7.8	7.1	6.7	7.3	7.0
72 PERSONAL SERVICES.....	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7
80 MEDICAL & OTHER HEALTH SERVICES	24.1	24.1	24.3	24.3	24.5	24.8	24.9	25.0	25.1	25.0	25.0	25.0	24.7
OTHER SERVICES.....	35.8	35.8	36.1	37.2	37.8	38.2	37.3	37.6	37.1	38.1	38.6	38.4	37.2
GOVERNMENT.....	70.2	70.5	70.8	71.5	72.2	72.9	64.1	63.8	70.3	72.3	73.1	70.0	70.1
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.....	12.6	12.5	12.4	13.1	13.5	14.5	14.6	14.7	14.7	14.1	13.5	13.3	13.6
TOTAL STATE & LOCAL GOVERNMENT....	57.6	58.0	58.4	58.4	58.7	58.4	49.5	49.1	55.6	58.2	59.6	56.7	56.5
STATE GOVERNMENT.....	21.1	21.2	21.2	21.2	20.8	20.3	18.3	17.9	20.2	21.7	22.7	20.5	20.6
STATE EDUCATION.....	10.2	10.4	10.4	10.3	10.1	9.4	7.1	6.9	9.4	11.0	12.0	9.9	9.8
OTHER STATE GOVERNMENT.....	10.9	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.7	10.9	11.2	11.0	10.8	10.7	10.7	10.6	10.8
LOCAL GOVERNMENT.....	36.5	36.8	37.2	37.2	37.9	38.1	31.2	31.2	35.4	36.5	36.9	36.2	35.9
LOCAL EDUCATION.....	23.9	24.4	24.8	24.6	25.0	23.9	16.7	16.1	21.8	23.4	24.0	23.7	22.7
OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENT.....	12.6	12.4	12.4	12.6	12.9	14.2	14.5	15.1	13.6	13.1	12.9	12.5	13.2

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1988 ANNUAL MONTANA INDUSTRY EMPLOYMENT

(in thousands) *BMK 89*

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS 1/	270.1	270.4	273.2	278.4	282.8	291.1	282.5	285.8	292.0	290.5	291.5	286.7	282.9
TOTAL PRIVATE	199.7	199.3	201.5	206.9	210.8	218.7	218.8	221.2	220.4	218.2	215.5	215.6	212.2
MINING	5.9	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.0	6.2
10 METAL MINING	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2
12 & 14 COAL & NON-METAL MINING	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.1
13 OIL & GAS EXTRACTION	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	6.1	6.0	6.6	8.2	9.0	10.2	10.4	11.2	11.1	11.2	9.6	8.2	9.0
15 GENERAL BUILDING CONTRACTOS	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.4
16 HVY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS	1.1	1.2	1.4	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.2	3.7	3.7	3.6	2.9	2.0	2.6
17 SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.8	4.0	4.5	4.6	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.2	3.9	4.0
MANUFACTURING	20.7	20.4	20.1	20.5	21.2	22.0	20.7	20.9	22.0	22.8	22.5	22.3	21.3
DURABLE GOODS	12.5	12.6	12.2	12.5	13.0	13.7	12.7	12.9	13.7	14.1	14.1	13.9	13.2
24 LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	8.2	8.2	7.7	7.8	8.1	8.6	7.5	7.6	8.4	8.9	8.7	8.6	8.2
33 PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1	3.8
NON-DURABLE GOODS	8.2	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.2	8.3	8.0	8.0	8.3	8.7	8.4	8.4	8.2
20 FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.7
27 PRINTING & PUBLISHING	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
OTHER NON-DURABLE GOODS	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0
TRANSPORTATION & UTILITIES	18.9	19.0	19.1	19.4	19.4	19.9	19.7	19.7	20.1	19.8	19.7	19.9	19.6
TRANSPORATION	11.0	11.1	11.2	11.4	11.4	11.7	11.6	11.7	12.1	12.0	12.0	12.1	11.6
40 RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3
41-47 TRANSPORTATION EXC RAILROADS	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.6	8.5	8.6	8.7	8.3
48 & 49 COMMUNICATION & UTILITIES	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.1	8.0	8.0	7.8	7.7	7.8	7.9
TRADE	70.4	69.8	70.9	72.8	74.3	77.1	77.8	78.4	77.2	75.5	75.6	76.2	74.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.9	15.1	15.5	15.7	15.8	15.6	15.4	15.3	15.2	15.1
DURABLE GOODS	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.8	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.7
NONDURABLE GOODS	6.8	6.8	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.4
RETAIL TRADE	56.3	55.6	56.6	57.9	59.2	61.6	62.1	62.6	61.6	60.1	60.3	61.0	59.6
53 & 58 GENERAL MERCH, APPAREL	8.8	8.4	8.3	8.1	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.7	8.5	9.1	9.5	8.6
54 FOOD STORES	8.5	8.4	8.5	8.7	8.7	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.0	8.9	8.9	9.1	8.8
55 AUTO DEALERS, SERV. STATIONS	7.5	7.5	7.8	7.9	8.1	8.3	8.4	8.4	8.2	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.0
58 EATING & DRINKING PLACES	20.8	20.8	21.1	21.9	22.8	23.9	24.2	24.7	24.0	23.1	22.5	22.4	22.7
52,57,59 BLDG MATERIALS, FURN, MISC	10.7	10.7	10.9	11.3	11.3	11.8	11.8	11.7	11.7	11.5	11.6	11.9	11.4
FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE	13.4	13.4	13.3	13.5	13.6	13.7	13.8	13.7	13.5	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.5
SERVICES EXCEPT DOMESTIC	64.3	64.9	65.5	66.3	67.2	69.4	70.0	70.7	70.0	69.4	68.8	69.8	68.0
70 HOTELS & OTHER LODGING PLACES	6.0	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.3	8.0	8.7	8.9	7.9	6.5	6.1	6.6	6.9
72 PERSONAL SERVICES	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7
80 MEDICAL & OTHER HEALTH SERVICES	22.9	23.1	23.2	23.3	23.4	23.7	24.1	24.2	24.2	24.3	24.3	24.5	23.8
OTHER SERVICES	32.7	33.0	33.4	34.3	34.9	35.0	34.6	34.9	35.2	36.0	35.8	36.1	34.6
GOVERNMENT	70.4	71.1	71.7	71.5	72.0	72.4	63.7	64.8	71.6	72.3	76.0	71.1	70.7
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	12.4	12.3	12.3	12.7	13.2	14.3	14.7	15.6	16.1	14.1	13.7	14.2	13.8
TOTAL STATE & LOCAL GOVERNMENT	58.0	58.8	59.4	58.8	58.8	58.1	49.0	49.0	55.5	58.2	62.3	56.9	57.0
STATE GOVERNMENT	19.5	19.9	20.0	19.7	19.6	19.1	17.4	17.2	20.2	20.8	20.5	19.5	19.5
STATE EDUCATION	9.3	9.7	9.7	9.3	9.1	8.5	6.5	6.1	9.0	10.1	10.0	8.8	8.8
OTHER STATE GOVERNMENT	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.2	9.2	9.4	9.6	9.8	9.9	9.4	9.2	9.4	9.3
LOCAL GOVERNMENT	38.5	38.9	39.4	39.1	39.2	39.0	31.6	31.8	35.3	37.4	41.8	37.4	37.5
LOCAL EDUCATION	24.3	24.8	25.1	24.8	24.8	23.5	16.1	16.2	21.2	23.9	24.2	24.3	22.8
OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENT	14.2	14.1	14.3	14.3	14.4	15.5	15.5	15.6	14.1	13.5	17.6	13.1	14.7

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PRODUCED IN COOPERATION WITH THE U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS, BY: RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS BUREAU,
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY, HELENA, MONTANA. REVISED TO 1989 BENCHMARKS.

COVERED EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES IN MONTANA BY STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION FOR 1989

STATEWIDE	SIC CODE	ESTAB-LISH-MENTS	AVERAGE ANNUAL EMPLOYMENT	ANNUAL WAGES PAID	AVERAGE ANNUAL WAGE	AVERAGE UI TAX RATE
TOTAL ALL INDUSTRIES		26,544	279,778	4,819,218,924	17,225	1.48%
PRIVATE (OWNERSHIP 5)		23,983	216,806	3,569,007,442	16,462	2.03%
AGRI, FOREST, FISH		632	3,117	39,622,806	12,712	2.03%
AGRI PRODUCTION-CROPS	01	91	594	7,559,322	12,726	2.06%
AGRI PRODUCTION-LIVESTOCK	02	158	1,270	16,061,912	12,647	1.58%
AGRI SERVICES	07	326	955	10,720,497	11,225	2.36%
FORESTRY	08	55	261	4,623,813	17,715	2.95%
MINING		406	6,220	204,332,655	32,851	2.63%
METAL MINING	10	71	2,564	85,625,863	33,395	2.45%
BITUM COAL & LIGNITE MINING	12	10	1,103	45,920,397	41,632	2.19%
OIL & GAS EXTRACTION	13	277	1,712	48,460,141	28,306	2.96%
MINING & QUARRYING-NONMET	14	48	839	24,326,253	28,994	3.06%
CONSTRUCTION		2,272	9,726	209,373,856	21,527	3.94%
GENERAL BUILDING	15	721	2,648	52,895,877	19,975	3.75%
HEAVY CONSTRUCTION	16	330	2,792	71,629,024	25,655	4.59%
SPECIAL TRADE	17	1,221	4,286	84,848,954	19,796	3.55%
MANUFACTURING		1,254	22,162	501,347,072	22,622	2.43%
FOOD PRODUCTS	20	131	2,552	51,992,015	20,373	2.08%
APPAREL	23	27	702	8,758,900	12,477	2.06%
LUMBER	24	498	8,472	192,521,868	22,724	2.88%
FURNITURE	25	23	281	4,532,204	16,128	2.29%
PAPER	26	6	841	30,701,334	36,505	2.42%
PRINTING, PUBLISHING	27	200	2,630	41,407,497	15,744	1.44%
CHEMICALS	28	34	656	17,877,947	27,252	2.12%
PETROLEUM, COAL	29	9	802	28,856,172	35,980	1.65%
RUBBER, MISC PLASTIC	30	11	83	1,274,156	15,351	2.14%
LEATHER	31	7	25	266,725	10,669	3.21%
STONE, CLAY, GLASS	32	90	935	21,203,486	22,677	3.96%
PRIMARY METAL	33	20	1,162	48,886,040	42,070	1.69%
FABRICATED METAL	34	37	531	10,342,884	19,478	2.55%
NON-ELECTR MACHINERY	35	45	608	11,313,632	18,607	2.37%
ELECTRONIC,ELECTRICAL EQUIP	36	17	302	6,172,888	20,440	2.31%
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	37	21	294	5,560,088	18,911	2.23%
INSTRUMENTS	38	21	232	4,149,397	17,885	2.34%
MISC MANUFACTURING	39	55	1,043	15,488,677	14,850	2.04%
TRANS, COMMUN, PUB UTIL		1,404	16,370	390,649,771	23,864	1.67%
LOCAL-URBAN TRANSPORTATIO	41	105	1,174	10,349,739	8,815	2.40%
TRUCKING, WAREHOUSE	42	719	5,621	119,366,534	21,235	2.10%
WATER TRANSPORTATION	44	7	20	200,915	10,045	3.20%
AIR TRANSPORTATION	45	77	1,125	24,103,532	21,425	1.90%
PIPELINES (EXCEPT NAT GAS)	46	5	77	3,062,304	39,770	1.46%
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES	47	102	545	6,939,910	12,733	1.50%
COMMUNICATIONS	48	208	3,446	87,771,146	25,470	1.40%
ELECT-GAS-SANITARY SVCS	49	181	4,359	138,855,687	31,854	1.17%

COVERED EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES IN MONTANA BY STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION FOR 1989

STATEWIDE	SIC CODE	ESTAB-LISH-MENTS	AVERAGE ANNUAL EMPLOYMENT	ANNUAL WAGES PAID	AVERAGE ANNUAL WAGE	AVERAGE UI TAX RATE
WHOLESALE TRADE		2,021	15,643	329,248,035	21,048	1.78%
DURABLE GOODS	50	1,131	7,966	173,408,711	21,768	1.83%
NONDURABLE	51	890	7,677	155,839,324	20,299	1.73%
RETAIL TRADE		6,243	61,755	632,275,829	10,238	1.67%
BLDG MATERIALS, GARDEN	52	403	2,858	43,687,977	15,286	1.86%
GENERAL MERCHANDISE	53	194	6,375	65,290,884	10,241	1.32%
FOOD STORES	54	647	9,303	114,914,255	12,352	1.69%
AUTO DEALERS & SERV STATION	55	866	8,432	132,185,544	15,676	1.81%
APPAREL & ACCESS	56	469	2,275	18,775,204	8,252	1.54%
FURNITURE & HOME FURN	57	419	2,351	37,891,285	16,117	1.69%
EATING & DRINKING ESTAB	58	2,106	23,439	145,459,498	6,205	1.67%
MISC RETAIL	59	1,139	6,719	74,071,178	11,024	1.69%
FINANCE,INS,REAL ESTATE		1,861	12,768	252,555,320	19,780	1.43%
BANKING	60	307	5,543	105,361,046	19,007	1.13%
CREDIT AGENCIES	61	71	475	11,416,573	24,034	1.81%
SECURITY-COMM BROKERS,SVC	62	70	589	22,725,891	38,583	1.58%
INSURANCE CARRIERS	63	157	1,313	30,449,118	23,190	1.68%
INS AGENTS,BROKERS	64	497	1,927	39,294,909	20,391	1.55%
REAL ESTATE	65	701	2,409	27,992,537	11,619	1.83%
HOLDING & INVESTMENTS	67	58	509	15,315,243	30,088	1.71%
SERVICES		7,828	68,803	1,006,631,493	14,631	1.90%
HOTELS & LODGING	70	507	6,908	55,701,396	8,063	1.90%
PERSONAL SERVICE	72	609	2,671	24,638,159	9,224	1.50%
BUSINESS SERVICE	73	834	5,927	66,902,007	11,287	1.95%
AUTO REPAIR,SERVICES	75	568	2,317	32,265,448	13,925	2.10%
MISC REPAIR SERVICE	76	328	1,271	21,175,857	16,660	2.51%
MOTION PICTURES	78	139	1,192	6,939,056	5,821	2.05%
AMUSE & REC SERVICES	79	520	3,147	26,515,804	8,425	2.23%
HEALTH SERVICES	80	1,463	24,774	461,158,865	18,614	1.47%
LEGAL SERVICES	81	516	2,193	57,087,182	26,031	1.50%
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	82	111	2,078	28,778,585	13,849	2.14%
SOCIAL SERVICES	83	514	6,420	59,519,457	9,270	2.02%
MUSEUMS,ZOOS,ETC	84	32	132	1,121,283	8,494	1.69%
MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS	86	523	4,668	53,563,493	11,474	2.78%
ENGINEERING SERVICES	87	876	4,524	105,935,268	23,416	1.90%
PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD	88	242	439	2,911,812	6,632	2.21%
MISC SERVICES	89	46	137	2,417,814	17,648	1.96%
NON-CLASSIFIABLE	99	61	237	2,964,109	12,506	2.29%
GOVERNMENT		2,114	62,975	1,250,211,482	19,853	0.26%
STATE		537	16,257	329,059,277	20,241	0.26%
LOCAL		779	32,955	572,713,177	17,378	0.27%
FEDERAL		798	13,762	348,439,027	25,318	0.00%

MONTANA

Annual Statewide Hours & Earnings Report for 1989
for Private Nonagricultural Production Workers

89BMK

PRODUCTION WORKERS (in thousands)

TITLE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
TOTAL PRIVATE	145.8	144.9	146.9	150.1	153.1	158.8	159.2	160.3	158.0	156.1	156.4	158.2	150.4
MINING	4.5	4.6	4.8	5.1	5.0	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	5.0
CONSTRUCTION	4.5	4.3	4.9	6.6	7.8	8.8	9.6	10.0	9.6	9.5	8.3	6.6	7.5
MANUFACTURING	16.1	15.7	15.4	15.4	15.9	16.6	16.8	17.0	17.1	17.3	17.0	16.9	16.4
DURABLE GOODS	11.1	11.1	10.9	10.7	11.2	11.7	12.0	12.1	12.0	11.9	11.8	11.8	11.5
NON-DURABLE	5.0	4.6	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.9
FOOD & KINDRED	1.7	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.5
TRANS-COMM-PUB	16.2	16.2	16.6	16.5	16.8	17.3	17.1	17.2	17.1	17.0	17.1	17.5	16.9
TRANSPORTATION	10.1	10.2	10.5	10.5	10.8	11.1	10.9	11.1	11.1	11.0	11.0	11.4	10.8
COMM-PUBLIC	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.1
TRADE	64.1	63.1	64.0	66.1	68.1	70.3	70.7	71.2	70.4	69.7	70.0	70.6	68.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	12.0	11.8	11.9	12.5	12.8	13.1	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.2	13.1	13.0	12.8
RETAIL TRADE	52.1	51.3	52.1	53.6	55.3	57.2	57.5	58.0	57.2	56.5	56.9	57.6	55.4
FINANCE-INSUR-RL EST	9.7	9.6	9.6	9.9	10.0	10.2	10.3	10.4	10.3	10.1	10.2	10.2	10.0
SERVICES EXC DOMESTIC	55.8	56.0	56.7	57.6	58.2	61.0	61.1	61.5	60.2	59.3	59.1	59.9	58.9

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS (in dollars)

TITLE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
TOTAL PRIVATE	246.14	247.51	245.35	253.75	247.07	248.84	257.08	251.20	254.03	256.28	250.10	253.34	251.20
MINING	576.47	572.26	605.27	583.85	573.47	588.94	584.63	580.99	592.86	576.72	562.15	578.48	581.20
CONSTRUCTION	521.66	516.91	508.49	534.36	537.26	545.59	536.85	577.84	546.69	580.28	534.00	532.08	544.07
MANUFACTURING	421.83	421.25	434.41	443.63	424.27	429.71	439.25	429.66	450.65	451.58	437.39	459.73	437.08
DURABLE GOODS	415.72	406.91	431.88	429.62	416.49	424.79	427.96	421.83	434.98	444.71	430.90	454.57	428.46
NON-DURABLE	433.05	456.29	440.45	473.12	441.20	441.80	464.13	448.40	487.22	466.58	450.03	471.64	456.30
FOOD & KINDRED	392.29	429.24	433.63	449.53	428.43	422.94	435.59	433.93	431.43	439.89	417.31	436.80	429.10
TRANS-COMM	472.99	489.09	478.93	494.08	474.23	492.86	497.74	489.20	485.09	492.75	487.51	495.00	487.77
TRANSPORTATION	464.82	480.06	474.38	486.75	482.98	490.22	496.36	493.54	484.33	490.35	479.84	478.39	483.87
COMM	487.67	500.74	488.95	508.13	458.83	498.76	500.91	482.28	487.45	497.50	500.24	528.31	495.57
TRADE	194.87	194.59	192.96	202.72	198.83	199.73	206.46	202.97	203.53	202.80	196.04	197.14	199.88
WHOLESALE TRADE	320.60	315.76	312.41	330.12	324.00	320.93	331.60	326.14	329.20	329.51	319.11	328.51	324.35
RETAIL TRADE	166.26	166.94	164.83	173.28	169.07	171.54	177.61	174.94	174.66	173.64	168.08	167.54	170.61
FINANCE-INSUR-RL EST	277.43	271.58	271.93	291.51	281.95	288.00	303.77	288.46	292.40	300.66	301.04	307.02	289.35
SERVICES EXC DOMESTIC	235.00	233.02	232.56	237.00	232.40	230.89	240.16	234.05	240.71	243.97	237.07	239.73	236.39

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS (in dollars)

TITLE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
TOTAL PRIVATE	7.94	8.01	7.94	8.03	7.97	7.95	7.91	7.85	8.09	8.11	8.12	8.12	8.00
MINING	14.34	14.20	14.62	14.31	14.23	14.26	14.02	14.24	14.46	14.17	14.16	14.39	14.28
CONSTRUCTION	14.82	14.52	14.57	14.60	14.56	14.32	14.24	14.41	14.09	14.58	14.63	14.78	14.47
MANUFACTURING	10.90	10.97	10.97	10.90	11.02	10.99	11.35	11.16	11.38	11.15	11.42	11.58	11.15
DURABLE GOODS	10.77	10.68	10.77	10.53	10.79	10.70	11.03	10.90	11.04	11.09	11.28	11.45	10.93
NON-DURABLE GOODS	11.19	11.64	11.47	11.74	11.58	11.75	12.15	11.80	12.15	11.27	11.75	11.88	11.70
FOOD & KINDRED	9.43	10.22	10.30	10.43	10.01	10.07	10.13	10.21	10.01	9.30	9.66	9.75	9.91
TRANS-COMM-UTIL	12.48	12.77	12.67	12.80	12.68	12.97	12.73	12.84	13.04	13.14	13.07	13.20	12.87
TRANSPORTATION	12.20	12.60	12.65	12.61	12.71	12.70	12.63	12.72	12.95	12.87	12.83	12.86	12.70
COMM-UTILS	12.97	13.04	12.70	13.13	12.64	13.48	12.91	13.07	13.21	13.63	13.52	13.83	13.18
TRADE	6.79	6.78	6.70	6.78	6.74	6.68	6.66	6.59	6.83	6.76	6.76	6.66	6.73
WHOLESALE TRADE	9.16	8.82	8.85	9.17	9.00	8.89	9.11	8.96	9.17	9.23	9.04	9.28	9.08
RETAIL TRADE	6.09	6.16	6.06	6.08	6.06	6.04	5.98	5.93	6.15	6.05	6.09	5.92	6.05
FINANCE-INSUR-RL EST	7.58	7.65	7.66	7.90	8.01	8.09	8.21	8.08	8.26	8.17	8.43	8.60	8.08
SERVICES EXC DOMESTIC	7.63	7.64	7.60	7.72	7.67	7.57	7.60	7.55	7.79	7.87	7.85	7.86	7.70

AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

TITLE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
TOTAL PRIVATE	31.0	30.9	30.9	31.6	31.0	31.3	32.5	32.0	31.4	31.6	30.8	31.2	31.4
MINING	40.2	40.3	41.4	40.8	40.3	41.3	41.7	40.8	41.0	40.7	39.7	40.2	40.7
CONSTRUCTION	35.2	35.6	34.9	36.6	36.9	38.1	37.7	40.1	38.8	39.8	36.5	36.0	37.6
MANUFACTURING	38.7	38.4	39.6	40.7	38.5	39.1	38.7	38.5	39.6	40.5	38.3	39.7	39.2
DURABLE GOODS	38.6	38.1	40.1	40.8	38.6	39.7	38.8	38.7	39.4	40.1	38.2	39.7	39.2
NON-DURABLE GOODS	38.7	39.2	38.4	40.3	38.1	37.6	38.2	38.0	40.1	41.4	38.3	39.7	39.0
FOOD & KINDRED	41.6	42.0	42.1	43.1	42.8	42.0	43.0	42.5	43.1	47.3	43.2	44.8	43.3
TRANS-COMM-UTIL	37.9	38.3	37.8	38.6	37.4	38.0	39.1	38.1	37.2	37.5	37.3	37.5	37.9
TRANSPORTATION	38.1	38.1	37.5	38.6	38.0	38.6	39.3	38.8	37.4	38.1	37.4	37.2	38.1
COMM-UTILS	37.6	38.4	38.5	38.7	36.3	37.0	38.8	36.9	36.9	36.5	37.0	38.2	37.6
TRADE	28.7	28.7	28.8	29.9	29.5	29.9	31.0	30.8	29.8	30.0	29.0	29.6	29.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	35.0	35.8	35.3	36.0	36.0	36.1	36.4	36.4	35.9	35.7	35.3	35.4	35.8
RETAIL TRADE	27.3	27.1	27.2	28.5	27.9	28.4	29.7	29.5	28.4	28.7	27.6	28.3	28.2
FINANCE-INSUR-RL EST	36.6	35.5	35.5	36.9	35.2	35.6	37.0	35.7	35.4	36.8	35.5	35.7	35.9
SERVICES EXC DOMESTIC	30.8	30.5	30.6	30.7	30.3	30.5	31.6	31.0	30.9	31.0	30.2	30.5	30.7

Averages are based on gross earnings, including overtime and premium pay.
Selected Industries series began January 1950; Total Private Sector series began January 1969 (May 1972 issue).
Revised to 1989 Benchmarks.

MONTANA

Annual Statewide Hours & Earnings Report for 1988
for Private Nonagricultural Production Workers

89BMK

PRODUCTION WORKERS *(in thousands)*

TITLE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
TOTAL PRIVATE	137.9	137.3	138.7	142.4	145.6	152.1	153.8	155.5	153.2	149.4	148.7	150.4	147.1
MINING	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.1	4.8	4.9
CONSTRUCTION	4.1	4.0	4.4	5.7	6.6	7.9	8.2	9.0	8.9	8.8	7.5	6.0	6.8
MANUFACTURING	15.7	15.2	14.8	15.0	15.9	16.6	15.4	15.7	16.6	17.5	17.2	17.0	16.1
DURABLE GOODS	10.8	10.8	10.3	10.4	11.2	11.8	10.7	10.9	11.5	12.0	11.9	11.9	11.2
NON-DURABLE	4.9	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.9
FOOD & KINDRED	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.6
TRANS-COMM-PUB	15.7	15.7	15.7	16.1	16.2	16.6	16.5	16.5	16.8	16.5	16.6	16.7	16.3
TRANSPORTATION	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.9	10.2	10.2	10.3	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.6	10.1
COMM-PUBLIC	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.2
TRADE	60.5	59.9	60.8	63.3	64.9	67.7	68.1	69.4	68.0	66.4	66.4	67.0	65.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	10.8	10.9	11.1	12.0	12.1	12.6	12.9	13.1	13.0	12.6	12.6	12.4	12.2
RETAIL TRADE	49.7	49.0	49.7	51.3	52.8	55.1	55.2	56.3	55.0	53.8	53.8	54.6	53.0
FINANCE-INSUR-RL EST	9.5	9.5	9.3	9.7	9.9	10.4	10.5	10.5	10.4	10.0	9.9	9.8	10.0
SERVICES EXC DOMESTIC	52.2	52.2	52.9	53.3	54.6	57.4	58.7	59.1	58.0	56.5	55.8	56.9	55.6

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS *(in dollars)*

TITLE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
TOTAL PRIVATE	241.18	241.49	234.55	243.81	237.00	240.98	247.54	238.77	245.07	243.66	240.55	242.89	241.64
MINING	576.99	555.81	538.54	565.30	563.05	566.40	558.97	532.59	559.86	550.13	527.45	545.66	553.21
CONSTRUCTION	501.12	460.96	490.94	534.24	526.32	562.02	580.18	579.48	563.22	591.60	546.45	545.34	549.03
MANUFACTURING	417.12	416.02	399.85	419.33	411.48	421.29	416.41	392.77	400.08	413.01	418.42	429.71	413.32
DURABLE GOODS	419.60	413.44	390.14	404.48	406.11	416.97	404.95	380.09	382.79	408.67	410.70	423.26	405.46
NON-DURABLE	413.49	421.90	419.20	455.52	425.61	431.68	442.75	423.75	440.04	422.53	435.79	444.28	431.62
FOOD & KINDRED	374.18	415.95	414.24	422.42	410.41	425.00	435.49	409.91	419.19	398.92	407.02	410.98	410.66
TRANS-COMM	438.00	445.75	430.76	449.47	453.73	481.92	497.31	476.90	491.65	477.97	465.13	471.10	464.63
TRANSPORTATION	409.58	421.65	413.95	428.88	434.98	473.30	493.16	487.50	482.41	476.63	458.90	457.90	454.13
COMM	484.50	485.14	456.30	482.11	480.59	494.42	504.92	460.10	506.11	479.05	477.28	493.87	483.91
TRADE	199.42	197.27	193.14	199.88	195.06	196.14	202.53	195.17	197.94	196.18	192.21	196.18	196.32
WHOLESALE TRADE	318.56	320.02	314.48	329.30	323.46	320.54	329.50	320.03	321.57	322.37	307.38	318.26	320.47
RETAIL TRADE	173.04	170.14	165.77	169.96	165.32	168.10	172.82	167.04	169.26	166.28	165.41	167.72	168.35
FINANCE-INSUR-RL EST	260.64	262.09	243.02	260.64	251.51	246.04	260.81	243.36	257.34	258.96	259.66	262.94	255.55
SERVICES EXC DOMESTIC	226.57	226.75	221.84	231.70	219.33	224.03	228.24	221.85	226.13	227.26	228.30	227.71	225.40

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS *(in dollars)*

TITLE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
TOTAL PRIVATE	7.73	7.74	7.69	7.74	7.72	7.65	7.57	7.58	7.78	7.86	7.81	7.81	7.72
MINING	13.87	13.69	13.43	13.27	13.47	13.39	13.06	12.99	13.33	13.55	13.70	13.92	13.46
CONSTRUCTION	14.61	14.45	14.23	14.40	14.62	14.56	14.80	14.82	14.90	14.68	14.65	14.90	14.68
MANUFACTURING	10.56	10.64	10.44	10.67	10.66	10.83	10.76	10.53	10.64	10.59	10.84	10.99	10.68
DURABLE GOODS	10.49	10.52	10.16	10.24	10.38	10.61	10.41	10.19	10.29	10.56	10.64	10.77	10.45
NON-DURABLE GOODS	10.74	10.93	11.09	11.65	11.38	11.39	11.56	11.30	11.40	10.87	11.29	11.48	11.24
FOOD & KINDRED	9.08	9.88	10.03	10.01	10.01	10.00	9.92	9.83	9.91	8.71	9.40	9.58	9.64
TRANS-COMM-UTIL	12.00	12.08	12.10	12.05	12.23	12.55	12.59	12.55	12.77	12.78	12.47	12.43	12.39
TRANSPORTATION	11.57	11.68	11.76	11.75	11.82	12.23	12.36	12.50	12.53	12.51	12.27	12.05	12.11
COMM-UTILS	12.65	12.70	12.64	12.49	12.85	13.08	12.98	12.64	13.18	13.27	12.83	13.10	12.87
TRADE	6.76	6.71	6.66	6.73	6.68	6.56	6.45	6.42	6.62	6.65	6.56	6.65	6.61
WHOLESALE TRADE	8.80	8.72	8.76	8.90	8.96	8.64	8.74	8.58	8.81	8.93	8.61	8.89	8.78
RETAIL TRADE	6.18	6.12	6.05	6.07	5.99	5.94	5.78	5.78	5.96	5.96	5.95	5.99	5.97
FINANCE-INSUR-RL EST	7.20	7.22	7.19	7.20	7.29	7.07	7.14	7.20	7.29	7.42	7.44	7.47	7.26
SERVICES EXC DOMESTIC	7.38	7.41	7.37	7.45	7.36	7.25	7.20	7.25	7.39	7.55	7.61	7.54	7.39

AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

TITLE	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	AVG
TOTAL PRIVATE	31.2	31.2	30.5	31.5	30.7	31.5	32.7	31.5	31.5	31.0	30.8	31.1	31.3
MINING	41.6	40.6	40.1	42.6	41.8	42.3	42.8	41.0	42.0	40.6	38.5	39.2	41.1
CONSTRUCTION	34.3	31.9	34.5	37.1	36.0	38.6	39.2	39.1	37.8	40.3	37.3	36.6	37.4
MANUFACTURING	39.5	39.1	38.3	39.3	38.6	38.9	38.7	37.3	37.6	39.0	38.6	39.1	38.7
DURABLE GOODS	40.0	39.3	38.4	39.5	39.2	39.3	38.9	37.3	37.2	38.7	38.6	39.3	38.8
NON-DURABLE GOODS	38.5	38.6	37.8	39.1	37.4	37.9	38.3	37.5	38.6	39.6	38.6	38.7	38.4
FOOD & KINDRED	41.3	42.1	41.3	42.2	41.0	42.5	43.9	41.7	42.3	45.8	43.3	42.9	42.6
TRANS-COMM-UTIL	36.5	36.9	35.6	37.3	37.1	38.4	39.5	38.0	38.5	37.4	37.3	37.9	37.5
TRANSPORTATION	35.4	36.1	35.2	36.5	36.8	38.7	39.9	39.0	38.5	38.1	37.4	38.0	37.5
COMM-UTILS	38.3	38.2	36.1	38.6	37.4	37.8	38.9	36.4	38.4	36.1	37.2	37.7	37.6
TRADE	29.5	29.4	29.0	29.7	29.2	29.9	31.4	30.4	29.9	29.5	29.3	29.5	29.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	36.2	36.7	35.9	37.0	36.1	37.1	37.7	37.3	36.5	36.1	35.7	35.8	36.5
RETAIL TRADE	28.0	27.8	27.4	28.0	27.6	28.3	29.9	28.9	28.4	27.9	27.8	28.0	28.2
FINANCE-INSUR-RL EST	36.2	36.3	33.8	36.2	34.5	34.8	36.5	33.8	35.3	34.9	34.9	35.2	35.2
SERVICES EXC DOMESTIC	30.7	30.6	30.1	31.1	29.8	30.9	31.7	30.6	30.6	30.1	30.0	30.2	30.5

Averages are based on gross earnings, including overtime and premium pay.
Selected Industries series began January 1950; Total Private Sector series began January 1969 (May 1972 issue).
Revised to 1989 Benchmarks.

Section V
Tables - County

1988 COUNTY POPULATION ESTIMATES FOR MONTANA

COUNTY	JULY 1,1988 (ESTIMATE)	APRIL 1,1980 (CENSUS)	1980/1988 CHANGE (ROUNDED NUMBERS)
MONTANA	805000	786690	18300
BEAVERHEAD	8300	8186	100
BIG HORN	10900	11096	-200
BLAINE	7000	6999	0
BROADWATER	3500	3267	200
CARBON	8300	8099	200
CARTER	1600	1799	-200
CASCADE	78200	80696	-2500
CHOUTEAU	5800	6092	-300
CUSTER	12700	13109	-400
DANIELS	2600	2835	-200
DAWSON	10100	11805	-1700
DEER LODGE	10000	12518	-2500
FALLON	3300	3763	-500
FERGUS	12100	13076	-1000
FLATHEAD	58600	51966	6600
GALLATIN	48500	42865	5600
GARFIELD	1600	1656	-100
GLACIER	11100	10628	500
GOLDEN VALLEY	1100	1026	100
GRANITE	2600	2700	-100
HILL	17600	17985	-400
JEFFERSON	8300	7029	1300
JUDITH BASIN	2500	2646	-100
LAKE	21100	19056	2000
LEWIS & CLARK	47000	43039	4000
LIBERTY	2300	2329	0
LINCOLN	18700	17752	900
MCCONE	2500	2702	-200
MADISON	5600	5448	200
MEAGHER	2000	2154	-200
MINERAL	3400	3675	-300
MISSOULA	78300	76016	2300
MUSSELSHELL	4300	4428	-100
PARK	12300	12869	-600
PETROLEUM	600	655	-100
PHILLIPS	5400	5367	0
PONDERA	6700	6731	0
POWDER RIVER	2200	2520	-300
POWELL	6800	6958	-200
PRAIRIE	1600	1836	-200
RAVALLI	25700	22493	3200
RICHLAND	11800	12243	-400
ROOSEVELT	11100	10467	600
ROSEBUD	12200	9899	2300
SANDERS	8600	8675	-100
SHERIDAN	5200	5414	-200
SILVER BOW	33200	38092	-4900
STILLWATER	6300	5598	700
SWEET GRASS	3200	3216	0
TETON	6100	6491	-400
TOOLE	5100	5559	-500
TREASURE	900	981	-100
VALLEY	8400	10250	-1900
WHEATLAND	2200	2359	-200
WIBAUX	1300	1476	-200
YELLOWSTONE	116400	108035	8400
YELLOWSTONE NATL PARK	100	66	0

1989 ANNUAL AVERAGE COVERED EMPLOYMENT

COUNTY	TOTAL	AGRI FOREST	MINING	CONST	MANUF	T.C.U.	WHSL TRADE	RETAIL TRADE	F.I.R.E.	SERVICE	GOV'T
BEAVERHEAD	2525	200	129	69	96	95	133	450	87	458	804
BIG HORN	3001	42	558	72	28	87	68	371	80	586	1106
BLAINE	1488	43	3	25	12	26	62	254	53	401	604
BROADWATER	753	17	31	33	119	8	58	160	22	107	194
CARBON	1585	25	36	43	65	72	40	394	59	369	479
CARTER	248	2	0	0	3	13	6	46	14	42	117
CASCADE	28065	261	3	1137	1058	1546	2105	7157	1600	7932	5250
CHOUTEAU	1028	44	0	7	34	25	30	212	54	140	479
CUSTER	4265	52	6	94	130	199	240	982	194	1036	1325
DANIELS	588	6	1	11	4	43	71	114	35	99	199
DAWSON	3126	6	65	70	66	306	161	791	160	656	842
DEER LODGE	2696	25	12	38	124	102	29	560	105	522	1108
FALLON	932	5	136	19	23	96	55	132	39	120	302
FERGUS	3484	40	217	162	166	124	172	670	122	853	954
FLATHEAD	20841	294	38	770	3513	959	749	4958	995	5032	3528
GALLATIN	18294	204	122	730	1467	712	848	4749	745	4003	4709
GARFIELD	299	10	1	1	5	10	8	54	15	54	139
GLACIER	3678	4	147	111	176	133	93	575	130	1114	1190
GOLDEN VALLEY	129	19	0	0	2	1	0	18	0	2	85
GRANITE	702	2	42	8	205	10	12	104	19	47	249
HILL	5000	32	19	123	152	210	215	1300	210	1434	1299
JEFFERSON	2151	37	538	101	100	85	12	228	35	158	852
JUDITH BASIN	374	5	0	12	8	40	7	53	14	32	198
LAKE	5397	57	19	199	724	158	115	1244	196	1527	1154
LEWIS & CLARK	22031	190	90	457	905	1133	548	4251	1198	5704	7535
LIBERTY	500	28	0	9	15	8	43	71	12	43	268
LINCOLN	5403	104	457	119	1511	201	64	904	124	634	1280
MADISON	503	5	1	13	0	74	47	77	9	83	191
MC CONE	1414	90	170	56	43	68	12	279	54	197	444
MEAGHER	463	42	2	11	17	8	0	89	23	125	143
MINERAL	1004	1	0	15	236	15	8	222	16	188	301
MISSOULA	32122	167	23	1213	4020	2008	1509	7495	1246	8284	6143
MUSSELSHELL	879	24	85	30	27	75	50	205	32	133	214
PARK	3423	49	95	126	227	106	83	789	157	1158	628
PETROLEUM	57	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	50
PHILLIPS	1537	35	268	16	29	65	87	268	54	322	390
PONDERA	1574	21	17	110	102	40	110	311	91	328	441
POWDER RIVER	408	19	5	20	4	31	11	59	17	30	208
POWELL	1995	13	132	3	246	44	4	281	51	257	960
PRAIRIE	308	0	0	4	2	22	19	50	13	18	176
RAVALLI	5216	105	13	163	805	283	170	1143	224	1037	1268
RICHLAND	3392	29	333	131	362	232	151	709	125	633	668
ROOSEVELT	3333	15	28	51	539	110	118	496	147	906	919
ROSEBUD	4008	11	534	296	125	783	25	413	89	918	807
SANDERS	2157	113	18	49	468	129	26	312	54	391	594
SHERIDAN	1253	3	54	27	25	73	67	337	51	261	350
SILVER BOW	11681	31	515	296	501	1284	505	2744	489	3290	2020
STILLWATER	1633	37	436	41	194	40	43	231	20	256	329
SWEET GRASS	751	28	0	39	24	19	21	230	35	95	256
TETON	1317	52	1	20	43	125	156	172	90	200	455
TOOLE	1586	29	115	24	29	179	82	289	84	154	596
TREASURE	178	14	0	8	0	12	30	18	10	9	74
VALLEY	2417	36	3	101	79	98	151	507	132	571	735
WHEATLAND	488	39	0	4	36	9	6	93	21	108	168
WIBAUX	208	0	0	0	1	7	9	27	12	51	99
YELLOWSTONE	49009	311	354	1514	3195	3375	4921	12122	2740	13472	6987
MULTI-CNTY	6856	17	326	899	48	628	1253	958	342	2201	90
STATEWIDE	279778	3117	6220	9726	22162	16370	15643	61755	12768	68803	62975

MONTANA COUNTIES UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

COUNTY	89 RANK	1989	1988	1987	1986	1985	1984
STATEWIDE		5.9%	6.8%	7.4%	8.1%	7.7%	7.4%
CASCADE	29	5.5%	6.6%	7.5%	7.7%	7.9%	7.3%
YELLOWSTONE	32	5.1%	6.2%	7.3%	7.7%	7.3%	7.0%
BEAVERHEAD	33	4.9%	5.2%	5.3%	5.9%	6.0%	5.3%
BIG HORN	4	10.1%	10.8%	13.0%	14.7%	10.2%	8.7%
BLAINE	7	8.5%	8.6%	9.0%	10.9%	8.6%	8.8%
BROADWATER	18	6.6%	6.6%	8.6%	11.9%	8.8%	7.9%
CARBON	24	5.7%	6.3%	7.2%	8.1%	7.4%	7.4%
CARTER	54	2.5%	2.6%	3.4%	3.8%	2.5%	3.3%
CHOUTEAU	50	3.0%	3.6%	5.0%	6.5%	5.8%	4.5%
CUSTER	35	4.8%	4.6%	5.6%	6.3%	5.5%	5.4%
DANIELS	51	3.0%	3.2%	4.0%	4.7%	4.2%	4.2%
DAWSON	39	4.5%	4.7%	5.8%	5.5%	4.8%	5.5%
DEER LODGE	8	8.0%	9.5%	10.0%	11.0%	10.8%	11.9%
FALLON	25	5.7%	5.0%	6.6%	10.6%	6.0%	4.6%
FERGUS	16	6.7%	6.9%	8.4%	9.0%	8.1%	7.0%
FLATHEAD	9	7.8%	8.8%	8.3%	8.9%	8.4%	7.8%
GALLATIN	42	3.9%	4.6%	5.8%	6.0%	5.1%	4.8%
GARFIELD	56	1.3%	1.4%	3.0%	3.6%	2.7%	2.7%
GLACIER	2	11.4%	9.6%	11.3%	11.6%	12.1%	12.3%
GOLDEN VALLEY	26	5.7%	6.9%	8.9%	7.0%	7.3%	7.7%
GRANITE	20	6.1%	8.1%	8.5%	11.0%	12.9%	8.5%
HILL	28	5.2%	5.8%	6.9%	7.7%	7.4%	7.1%
JEFFERSON	47	3.2%	4.5%	4.8%	6.0%	6.0%	6.1%
JUDITH BASIN	36	4.7%	4.1%	4.6%	5.3%	6.8%	6.7%
LAKE	10	7.6%	7.7%	7.7%	9.4%	8.3%	7.8%
LEWIS & CLARK	37	4.6%	5.7%	6.6%	6.7%	6.8%	6.5%
LIBERTY	48	3.2%	3.4%	4.3%	4.5%	5.6%	5.2%
LINCOLN	3	10.3%	11.7%	10.9%	11.4%	11.6%	12.8%
MC CONE	40	3.2%	3.3%	2.7%	3.6%	4.4%	5.5%
MADISON	49	4.3%	5.1%	6.3%	5.7%	5.0%	5.1%
MEAGHER	21	6.0%	6.7%	7.1%	8.5%	8.7%	13.1%
MINERAL	6	9.1%	11.2%	10.6%	12.8%	14.1%	12.8%
MISSOULA	30	5.2%	6.4%	6.4%	7.2%	7.1%	6.4%
MUSSELSHELL	12	7.5%	7.8%	9.5%	10.6%	7.4%	7.2%
PARK	15	6.8%	8.4%	8.5%	9.0%	7.8%	7.5%
PETROLEUM	53	2.8%	3.2%	3.3%	7.3%	4.1%	6.0%
PHILLIPS	34	4.9%	4.8%	6.8%	7.5%	9.7%	6.9%
PONDERA	27	5.6%	4.6%	6.9%	7.1%	6.8%	6.7%
POWDER RIVER	45	3.7%	3.2%	3.9%	4.6%	2.5%	4.2%
POWELL	31	5.1%	5.2%	7.6%	7.4%	7.9%	8.7%
PRAIRIE	22	6.0%	6.0%	5.4%	6.6%	5.3%	6.7%
RAVALLI	5	9.5%	9.1%	9.2%	10.0%	10.3%	10.5%
RICHLAND	17	6.7%	7.5%	8.5%	10.4%	6.7%	5.6%
ROOSEVELT	14	6.9%	7.1%	8.6%	9.6%	7.8%	7.0%
ROSEBUD	19	6.4%	8.1%	9.2%	10.4%	11.4%	12.7%
SANDERS	1	12.1%	12.8%	12.8%	15.5%	16.5%	12.4%
SHERIDAN	52	2.9%	4.2%	4.5%	5.7%	3.8%	4.7%
SILVER BOW	11	7.6%	8.7%	9.6%	10.2%	9.7%	11.7%
STILLWATER	41	4.3%	4.5%	6.3%	8.3%	7.7%	8.6%
SWEET GRASS	43	3.9%	4.8%	6.2%	7.5%	6.4%	6.0%
TETON	46	3.6%	4.5%	4.7%	5.9%	5.5%	4.8%
TOOLE	44	3.9%	5.3%	6.3%	9.9%	7.3%	6.6%
TREASURE	55	2.3%	4.1%	4.7%	4.9%	6.1%	6.9%
VALLEY	38	4.6%	5.0%	6.7%	8.0%	7.1%	6.8%
WHEATLAND	13	7.2%	6.2%	9.5%	6.4%	5.7%	6.2%
WIBAUX	23	5.8%	9.2%	5.1%	7.1%	8.0%	9.3%

MONTANA

1989 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	405,000	381,000	24,000	5.9%
YELLOWSTONE	61,870	58,704	3,166	5.1%
CASCADE	37,337	35,296	2,041	5.5%
BEAVERHEAD	4,621	4,395	226	4.9%
BIG HORN	4,784	4,300	484	10.1%
BLAINE	3,659	3,348	311	8.5%
BROADWATER	1,558	1,455	103	6.6%
CARBON	4,031	3,800	231	5.7%
CARTER	979	955	24	2.5%
CHOUTEAU	2,752	2,670	82	3.0%
CUSTER	6,256	5,958	298	4.8%
DANIELS	1,216	1,180	36	3.0%
DAWSON	5,489	5,240	249	4.5%
DEER LODGE	4,255	3,916	339	8.0%
FALLON	1,456	1,373	83	5.7%
FERGUS	6,065	5,658	407	6.7%
FLATHEAD	30,235	27,874	2,361	7.8%
GALLATIN	25,636	24,649	987	3.9%
GARFIELD	889	877	12	1.3%
GLACIER	5,991	5,306	685	11.4%
GOLDEN VALLEY	527	497	30	5.7%
GRANITE	1,308	1,228	80	6.1%
HILL	8,481	8,043	438	5.2%
JEFFERSON	5,604	5,424	180	3.2%
JUDITH BASIN	1,409	1,343	66	4.7%
LAKE	11,531	10,649	882	7.6%
LEWIS & CLARK	26,059	24,851	1,208	4.6%
LIBERTY	929	899	30	3.2%
LINCOLN	8,426	7,554	872	10.3%
MCCONE	1,283	1,242	41	3.2%
MADISON	3,110	2,975	135	4.3%
MEAGHER	1,060	996	64	6.0%
MINERAL	1,453	1,321	132	9.1%
MISSOULA	40,733	38,605	2,128	5.2%
MUSSELSHELL	1,782	1,648	134	7.5%
PARK	6,652	6,200	452	6.8%
PETROLEUM	285	277	8	2.8%
PHILLIPS	3,007	2,859	148	4.9%
PONDERA	3,020	2,852	168	5.6%
POWDER RIVER	1,294	1,246	48	3.7%
POWELL	2,978	2,826	152	5.1%
PRAIRIE	772	726	46	6.0%
RAVALLI	11,632	10,530	1,102	9.5%
RICHLAND	5,629	5,250	379	6.7%
ROOSEVELT	5,803	5,403	400	6.9%
ROSEBUD	5,448	5,099	349	6.4%
SANDERS	3,231	2,841	390	12.1%
SHERIDAN	2,447	2,376	71	2.9%
SILVER BOW	13,350	12,334	1,016	7.6%
STILLWATER	3,285	3,145	140	4.3%
SWEET GRASS	1,487	1,429	58	3.9%
TETON	2,942	2,835	107	3.6%
TOOLE	2,279	2,191	88	3.9%
TREASURE	443	433	10	2.3%
VALLEY	4,601	4,389	212	4.6%
WHEATLAND	1,091	1,012	79	7.2%
WIBAUX	551	519	32	5.8%

MONTANA

1988 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	402,000	375,000	27,000	6.8%
YELLOWSTONE	58,962	55,321	3,641	6.2%
CASCADE	36,272	33,888	2,384	6.6%
BEAVERHEAD	4,758	4,512	246	5.2%
BIG HORN	4,778	4,264	514	10.8%
BLAINE	3,604	3,293	311	8.6%
BROADWATER	1,617	1,511	106	6.6%
CARBON	4,095	3,836	259	6.3%
CARTER	1,034	1,007	27	2.6%
CHOUTEAU	2,903	2,799	104	3.6%
CUSTER	6,417	6,121	296	4.6%
DANIELS	1,308	1,266	42	3.2%
DAWSON	5,665	5,400	265	4.7%
DEER LODGE	4,208	3,808	400	9.5%
FALLON	1,495	1,420	75	5.0%
FERGUS	5,965	5,556	409	6.9%
FLATHEAD	29,703	27,076	2,627	8.8%
GALLATIN	25,574	24,389	1,185	4.6%
GARFIELD	907	894	13	1.4%
GLACIER	5,726	5,174	552	9.6%
GOLDEN VALLEY	566	527	39	6.9%
GRANITE	1,387	1,274	113	8.1%
HILL	8,412	7,927	485	5.8%
JEFFERSON	5,447	5,204	243	4.5%
JUDITH BASIN	1,449	1,390	59	4.1%
LAKE	10,497	9,686	811	7.7%
LEWIS & CLARK	26,031	24,542	1,489	5.7%
LIBERTY	955	923	32	3.4%
LINCOLN	8,879	7,842	1,037	11.7%
MCCONE	1,374	1,328	46	3.3%
MADISON	3,195	3,032	163	5.1%
MEAGHER	1,135	1,059	76	6.7%
MINERAL	1,528	1,357	171	11.2%
MISSOULA	40,600	37,998	2,602	6.4%
MUSSELSHELL	1,865	1,720	145	7.8%
PARK	5,912	5,418	494	8.4%
PETROLEUM	312	302	10	3.2%
PHILLIPS	2,882	2,744	138	4.8%
PONDERA	3,057	2,915	142	4.6%
POWDER RIVER	1,421	1,376	45	3.2%
POWELL	3,155	2,992	163	5.2%
PRAIRIE	806	758	48	6.0%
RAVALLI	12,690	11,541	1,149	9.1%
RICHLAND	6,152	5,693	459	7.5%
ROOSEVELT	5,588	5,189	399	7.1%
ROSEBUD	5,184	4,766	418	8.1%
SANDERS	3,232	2,818	414	12.8%
SHERIDAN	2,635	2,524	111	4.2%
SILVER BOW	13,579	12,399	1,180	8.7%
STILLWATER	3,153	3,012	141	4.5%
SWEET GRASS	1,511	1,439	72	4.8%
TETON	3,112	2,972	140	4.5%
TOOLE	2,386	2,259	127	5.3%
TREASURE	466	447	19	4.1%
VALLEY	4,711	4,475	236	5.0%
WHEATLAND	1,147	1,076	71	6.2%
WIBAUX	598	543	55	9.2%

MONTANA

1987 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	404000	374000	30000	7.4%
YELLOWSTONE	60085	55704	4381	7.3%
CASCADE	36594	33835	2759	7.5%
BEAVERHEAD	4700	4452	248	5.3%
BIG HORN	4864	4233	631	13.0%
BLAINE	3607	3282	325	9.0%
BROADWATER	1612	1474	138	8.6%
CARBON	4056	3762	294	7.2%
CARTER	1002	968	34	3.4%
CHOUTEAU	2836	2695	141	5.0%
CUSTER	6667	6296	371	5.6%
DANIELS	1276	1225	51	4.0%
DAWSON	5753	5417	336	5.8%
DEER LODGE	4332	3900	432	10.0%
FALLON	1521	1420	101	6.6%
FERGUS	5979	5475	504	8.4%
FLATHEAD	29567	27126	2441	8.3%
GALLATIN	26016	24513	1503	5.8%
GARFIELD	877	851	26	3.0%
GLACIER	5768	5119	649	11.3%
GOLDEN VALLEY	572	521	51	8.9%
GRANITE	1329	1216	113	8.5%
HILL	8625	8027	598	6.9%
JEFFERSON	5383	5126	257	4.8%
JUDITH BASIN	1401	1336	65	4.6%
LAKE	10258	9473	785	7.7%
LEWIS & CLARK	26679	24931	1748	6.6%
LIBERTY	938	898	40	4.3%
LINCOLN	8712	7763	949	10.9%
MCCONE	1342	1306	36	2.7%
MADISON	3194	2992	202	6.3%
MEAGHER	1120	1040	80	7.1%
MINERAL	1592	1423	169	10.6%
MISSOULA	40959	38339	2620	6.4%
MUSSELSHELL	1925	1742	183	9.5%
PARK	5927	5426	501	8.5%
PETROLEUM	304	294	10	3.3%
PHILIPS	2896	2700	196	6.8%
PONDERA	3124	2910	214	6.9%
POWDER RIVER	1391	1337	54	3.9%
POWELL	3194	2952	242	7.6%
PRAIRIE	782	740	42	5.4%
RAVALLI	11323	10286	1037	9.2%
RICHLAND	6109	5590	519	8.5%
ROOSEVELT	5644	5157	487	8.6%
ROSEBUD	5265	4779	486	9.2%
SANDERS	3282	2861	421	12.8%
SHERIDAN	2641	2523	118	4.5%
SILVER BOW	14118	12762	1356	9.6%
STILLWATER	3063	2869	194	6.3%
SWEET GRASS	1477	1386	91	6.2%
TETON	3056	2911	145	4.7%
TOOLE	2387	2237	150	6.3%
TREASURE	451	430	21	4.7%
VALLEY	4707	4391	316	6.7%
WHEATLAND	1152	1042	110	9.5%
WIBAUX	569	540	29	5.1%

MONTANA

1986 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	407000	374000	33000	8.1%
YELLOWSTONE	61436	56726	4710	7.7%
CASCADE	36961	34129	2832	7.7%
BEAVERHEAD	4648	4376	272	5.9%
BIG HORN	4921	4199	722	14.7%
BLAINE	3590	3199	391	10.9%
BROADWATER	1669	1470	199	11.9%
CARBON	4264	3918	346	8.1%
CARTER	971	934	37	3.8%
CHOUTEAU	2744	2565	179	6.5%
CUSTER	6755	6329	426	6.3%
DANIELS	1217	1160	57	4.7%
DAWSON	6112	5774	338	5.5%
DEER LODGE	4593	4088	505	11.0%
FALLON	1676	1498	178	10.6%
FERGUS	5970	5431	539	9.0%
FLATHEAD	29554	26910	2644	8.9%
GALLATIN	26447	24872	1575	6.0%
GARFIELD	859	828	31	3.6%
GLACIER	5739	5074	665	11.6%
GOLDEN VALLEY	599	557	42	7.0%
GRANITE	1232	1097	135	11.0%
HILL	8838	8158	680	7.7%
JEFFERSON	4796	4509	287	6.0%
JUDITH BASIN	1365	1292	73	5.3%
LAKE	10140	9190	950	9.4%
LEWIS & CLARK	26268	24521	1747	6.7%
LIBERTY	890	850	40	4.5%
LINCOLN	8816	7812	1004	11.4%
MCCONE	1308	1261	47	3.6%
MADISON	3039	2867	172	5.7%
MEAGHER	1131	1035	96	8.5%
MINERAL	1635	1425	210	12.8%
MISSOULA	41378	38387	2991	7.2%
MUSSELSHELL	1962	1754	208	10.6%
PARK	6407	5829	578	9.0%
PETROLEUM	300	278	22	7.3%
PHILIPS	2864	2649	215	7.5%
PONDERA	3079	2861	218	7.1%
POWDER RIVER	1425	1359	66	4.6%
POWELL	3237	2998	239	7.4%
PRAIRIE	777	726	51	6.6%
RAVALLI	11036	9929	1107	10.0%
RICHLAND	6628	5940	688	10.4%
ROOSEVELT	5716	5170	546	9.6%
ROSEBUD	5479	4907	572	10.4%
SANDERS	3265	2759	506	15.5%
SHERIDAN	2624	2474	150	5.7%
SILVER BOW	14114	12671	1443	10.2%
STILLWATER	2685	2462	223	8.3%
SWEET GRASS	1409	1304	105	7.5%
TETON	2934	2760	174	5.9%
TOOLE	2486	2241	245	9.9%
TREASURE	486	462	24	4.9%
VALLEY	4852	4463	389	8.0%
WHEATLAND	1088	1018	70	6.4%
WIBAUX	592	550	42	7.1%

MONTANA

1985 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	405000	374000	31000	7.7%
YELLOWSTONE	61790	57290	4500	7.3%
CASCADE	36281	33399	2882	7.9%
BEAVERHEAD	4444	4177	267	6.0%
BIG HORN	4759	4268	491	10.3%
BLAINE	3585	3278	307	8.6%
BROADWATER	1632	1489	143	8.8%
CARBON	4236	3940	316	7.4%
CARTER	897	875	22	2.5%
CHOUTEAU	2575	2426	149	5.8%
CUSTER	6767	6394	373	5.5%
DANIELS	1178	1129	49	4.2%
DAWSON	6327	6022	305	4.8%
DEER LODGE	4590	4092	498	10.8%
FALLON	1623	1525	98	6.0%
FERGUS	5927	5447	480	8.1%
FLATHEAD	29937	27413	2524	8.4%
GALLATIN	26144	24815	1329	5.1%
GARFIELD	815	793	22	2.7%
GLACIER	5608	4932	676	12.1%
GOLDEN VALLEY	532	493	39	7.3%
GRANITE	1246	1085	161	12.9%
HILL	8740	8093	647	7.4%
JEFFERSON	4823	4533	290	6.0%
JUDITH BASIN	1317	1228	89	6.8%
LAKE	9932	9110	822	8.3%
LEWIS & CLARK	25719	23980	1739	6.8%
LIBERTY	891	841	50	5.6%
LINCOLN	8691	7683	1008	11.6%
MCCONE	1253	1190	63	5.0%
MADISON	2903	2776	127	4.4%
MEAGHER	1109	1012	97	8.7%
MINERAL	1777	1527	250	14.1%
MISSOULA	40968	38074	2894	7.1%
MUSSELSHELL	1983	1837	146	7.4%
PARK	6770	6244	526	7.8%
PETROLEUM	268	257	11	4.1%
PHILIPS	2724	2461	263	9.7%
PONDERA	3104	2893	211	6.8%
POWDER RIVER	1394	1359	35	2.5%
POWELL	3303	3043	260	7.9%
PRAIRIE	739	700	39	5.3%
RAVALLI	11048	9914	1134	10.3%
RICHLAND	7149	6670	479	6.7%
ROOSEVELT	5645	5207	438	7.8%
ROSEBUD	5661	5018	643	11.4%
SANDERS	3280	2740	540	16.5%
SHERIDAN	2664	2563	101	3.8%
SILVER BOW	14103	12732	1371	9.7%
STILLWATER	2524	2330	194	7.7%
SWEET GRASS	1352	1266	86	6.4%
TETON	2854	2696	158	5.5%
TOOLE	2474	2293	181	7.3%
TREASURE	457	429	28	6.1%
VALLEY	4852	4507	345	7.1%
WHEATLAND	1034	975	59	5.7%
WIBAUX	588	541	47	8.0%

MONTANA
1984 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	404000	374000	30000	7.4%
YELLOWSTONE	62042	57715	4327	7.0%
CASCADE	36720	34033	2687	7.3%
BEAVERHEAD	4398	4164	234	5.3%
BIG HORN	4603	4201	402	8.7%
BLAINE	3475	3168	307	8.8%
BROADWATER	1685	1552	133	7.9%
CARBON	4295	3979	316	7.4%
CARTER	908	878	30	3.3%
CHOUTEAU	2623	2506	117	4.5%
CUSTER	6872	6503	369	5.4%
DANIELS	1217	1166	51	4.2%
DAWSON	6615	6248	367	5.5%
DEER LODGE	4590	4046	544	11.9%
FALLON	1633	1558	75	4.6%
FERGUS	5869	5456	413	7.0%
FLATHEAD	28973	26724	2249	7.8%
GALLATIN	25415	24190	1225	4.8%
GARFIELD	824	802	22	2.7%
GLACIER	5757	5051	706	12.3%
GOLDEN VALLEY	505	466	39	7.7%
GRANITE	1263	1156	107	8.5%
HILL	9019	8381	638	7.1%
JEFFERSON	4944	4643	301	6.1%
JUDITH BASIN	1330	1241	89	6.7%
LAKE	9055	8345	710	7.8%
LEWIS & CLARK	24950	23317	1633	6.5%
LIBERTY	912	865	47	5.2%
LINCOLN	8847	7711	1136	12.8%
MCCONE	1291	1225	66	5.1%
MADISON	2912	2751	161	5.5%
MEAGHER	1110	965	145	13.1%
MINERAL	1921	1675	246	12.8%
MISSOULA	39918	37363	2555	6.4%
MUSSELSHELL	1991	1847	144	7.2%
PARK	6638	6139	499	7.5%
PETROLEUM	318	299	19	6.0%
PHILIPS	2805	2611	194	6.9%
PONDERA	3101	2894	207	6.7%
POWDER RIVER	1436	1376	60	4.2%
POWELL	3254	2970	284	8.7%
PRAIRIE	750	700	50	6.7%
RAVALLI	10889	9744	1145	10.5%
RICHLAND	7391	6975	416	5.6%
ROOSEVELT	5495	5112	383	7.0%
ROSEBUD	6212	5426	786	12.7%
SANDERS	3875	3394	481	12.4%
SHERIDAN	2752	2624	128	4.7%
SILVER BOW	14122	12463	1659	11.7%
STILLWATER	2605	2382	223	8.6%
SWEET GRASS	1377	1295	82	6.0%
TETON	3000	2857	143	4.8%
TOOLE	2425	2266	159	6.6%
TREASURE	481	448	33	6.9%
VALLEY	4936	4598	338	6.8%
WHEATLAND	1054	989	65	6.2%
WIBAUX	605	549	56	9.3%

MONTANA

1983 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	395000	360000	35000	8.8%
YELLOWSTONE	61122	56364	4758	7.8%
CASCADE	33448	30441	3007	9.0%
BEAVERHEAD	4508	4216	292	6.5%
BIG HORN	5263	4816	447	8.5%
BLAINE	3172	2875	297	9.4%
BROADWATER	1633	1475	158	9.7%
CARBON	3951	3658	293	7.4%
CARTER	873	825	48	5.5%
CHOUTEAU	2952	2810	142	4.8%
CUSTER	6581	6174	407	6.2%
DANIELS	1510	1442	68	4.5%
DAWSON	6746	6073	673	10.0%
DEER LODGE	4155	3447	708	17.0%
FALLON	2435	2293	142	5.8%
FERGUS	6018	5576	442	7.3%
FLATHEAD	26518	23726	2792	10.5%
GALLATIN	23541	22029	1512	6.4%
GARFIELD	839	810	29	3.5%
GLACIER	6409	5682	727	11.3%
GOLDEN VALLEY	394	357	37	9.4%
GRANITE	1197	1065	132	11.0%
HILL	8751	8039	712	8.1%
JEFFERSON	3088	2743	345	11.2%
JUDITH BASIN	1211	1116	95	7.8%
LAKE	8824	8090	734	8.3%
LEWIS & CLARK	26262	24364	1898	7.2%
LIBERTY	1053	1011	42	4.0%
LINCOLN	8497	7358	1139	13.4%
MCCONE	1371	1315	56	4.1%
MADISON	2696	2464	232	8.6%
MEAGHER	1208	1066	142	11.8%
MINERAL	2251	1906	345	15.3%
MISSOULA	36515	33581	2934	8.0%
MUSSELSHELL	2132	1924	208	9.8%
PARK	5864	5241	623	10.6%
PETROLEUM	273	249	24	8.8%
PHILIPS	3124	2861	263	8.4%
PONDERA	3448	3230	218	6.3%
POWDER RIVER	1427	1339	88	6.2%
POWELL	3671	3381	290	7.9%
PRAIRIE	850	797	53	6.2%
RAVALLI	8708	7547	1161	13.3%
RICHLAND	7422	6639	783	10.5%
ROOSEVELT	5913	5384	529	8.9%
ROSEBUD	7783	7069	714	9.2%
SANDERS	4262	3725	537	12.6%
SHERIDAN	3270	3053	217	6.6%
SILVER BOW	16502	14286	2216	13.4%
STILLWATER	2161	1918	243	11.2%
SWEET GRASS	1472	1402	70	4.8%
TETON	2731	2570	161	5.9%
TOOLE	2600	2393	207	8.0%
TREASURE	425	394	31	7.3%
VALLEY	4225	3816	409	9.7%
WHEATLAND	1050	970	80	7.6%
WIBAUX	697	606	91	13.1%

MONTANA

1982 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	394000	360000	34000	8.6%
YELLOWSTONE	59827	55994	3833	6.4%
CASCADE	33481	30677	2804	8.4%
BEAVERHEAD	4878	4584	294	6.0%
BIG HORN	5524	5023	501	9.1%
BLAINE	3065	2780	285	9.3%
BROADWATER	1544	1390	154	10.0%
CARBON	3727	3457	270	7.2%
CARTER	916	884	32	3.5%
CHOUTEAU	3101	2989	112	3.6%
CUSTER	6256	5870	386	6.2%
DANIELS	1581	1534	47	3.0%
DAWSON	7176	6685	491	6.8%
DEER LODGE	4534	3852	682	15.0%
FALLON	2435	2340	95	3.9%
FERGUS	6250	5762	488	7.8%
FLATHEAD	24637	21453	3184	12.9%
GALLATIN	22567	21147	1420	6.3%
GARFIELD	908	884	24	2.6%
GLACIER	5970	5268	702	11.8%
GOLDEN VALLEY	415	382	33	8.0%
GRANITE	1250	1103	147	11.8%
HILL	9251	8543	708	7.7%
JEFFERSON	2981	2672	309	10.4%
JUDITH BASIN	1259	1185	74	5.9%
LAKE	8848	7993	855	9.7%
LEWIS & CLARK	25930	24074	1856	7.2%
LIBERTY	1103	1052	51	4.6%
LINCOLN	7788	6275	1513	19.4%
MCCONE	1469	1418	51	3.5%
MADISON	2788	2593	195	7.0%
MEAGHER	1153	1046	107	9.3%
MINERAL	1848	1430	418	22.6%
MISSOULA	35334	32082	3252	9.2%
MUSSELSHELL	2168	1977	191	8.8%
PARK	6232	5555	677	10.9%
PETROLEUM	308	296	12	3.9%
PHILIPS	3054	2817	237	7.8%
PONDERA	3641	3445	196	5.4%
POWDER RIVER	1392	1348	44	3.2%
POWELL	3514	3159	355	10.1%
PRAIRIE	904	858	46	5.1%
RAVALLI	8800	7513	1287	14.6%
RICHLAND	7709	7125	584	7.6%
ROOSEVELT	5886	5448	438	7.4%
ROSEBUD	7498	7022	476	6.3%
SANDERS	4062	3411	651	16.0%
SHERIDAN	3567	3397	170	4.8%
SILVER BOW	17916	15898	2018	11.3%
STILLWATER	2412	2206	206	8.5%
SWEET GRASS	1718	1639	79	4.6%
TETON	3322	3144	178	5.4%
TOOLE	2849	2661	188	6.6%
TREASURE	462	438	24	5.2%
VALLEY	4723	4314	409	8.7%
WHEATLAND	1297	1204	93	7.2%
WIBAUX	776	706	70	9.0%

MONTANA

1981 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	385000	358000	27000	6.9%
YELLOWSTONE	57099	54057	3042	5.3%
CASCADE	33949	31248	2701	8.0%
BEAVERHEAD	4568	4382	186	4.1%
BIG HORN	5766	5235	531	9.2%
BLAINE	3111	2836	275	8.8%
BROADWATER	1489	1382	107	7.2%
CARBON	3566	3404	162	4.5%
CARTER	892	876	16	1.8%
CHOUTEAU	3082	3017	65	2.1%
CUSTER	6166	5866	300	4.9%
DANIELS	1454	1423	31	2.1%
DAWSON	6815	6599	216	3.2%
DEER LODGE	4911	4082	829	16.9%
FALLON	2419	2365	54	2.2%
FERGUS	6264	5936	328	5.2%
FLATHEAD	24131	21695	2436	10.1%
GALLATIN	21022	19865	1157	5.5%
GARFIELD	845	829	16	1.9%
GLACIER	5912	5195	717	12.1%
GOLDEN VALLEY	409	395	14	3.4%
GRANITE	1190	1083	107	9.0%
HILL	9149	8569	580	6.3%
JEFFERSON	2571	2376	195	7.6%
JUDITH BASIN	1205	1171	34	2.8%
LAKE	8274	7617	657	7.9%
LEWIS & CLARK	25583	24102	1481	5.8%
LIBERTY	1142	1102	40	3.5%
LINCOLN	7558	6427	1131	15.0%
MCCONE	1348	1322	26	1.9%
MADISON	2587	2469	118	4.6%
MEAGHER	1073	1004	69	6.4%
MINERAL	1908	1665	243	12.7%
MISSOULA	35546	32268	3278	9.2%
MUSSELSHELL	2093	2033	60	2.9%
PARK	5977	5480	497	8.3%
PETROLEUM	308	300	8	2.6%
PHILIPS	2943	2803	140	4.8%
PONDERA	3575	3457	118	3.3%
POWDER RIVER	1331	1303	28	2.1%
POWELL	3294	3019	275	8.3%
PRAIRIE	885	843	42	4.7%
RAVALLI	8418	7480	938	11.1%
RICHLAND	7826	7645	181	2.3%
ROOSEVELT	5452	5134	318	5.8%
ROSEBUD	6127	5697	430	7.0%
SANDERS	4005	3541	464	11.6%
SHERIDAN	3596	3550	46	1.3%
SILVER BOW	18408	16876	1532	8.3%
STILLWATER	2340	2246	94	4.0%
SWEET GRASS	1730	1671	59	3.4%
TETON	3274	3167	107	3.3%
TOOLE	3026	2918	108	3.6%
TREASURE	446	434	12	2.7%
VALLEY	4991	4675	316	6.3%
WHEATLAND	1201	1149	52	4.3%
WIBAUX	751	720	31	4.1%

MONTANA

1980 ANNUAL AVERAGES

LABOR FORCE STATICS

90 BMK

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	PERCENT RATE
MONTANA	371000	348000	23000	6.1%
YELLOWSTONE	55549	52870	2679	4.8%
CASCADE	33749	31281	2468	7.3%
BEAVERHEAD	4148	3990	158	3.8%
BIG HORN	6055	5662	393	6.5%
BLAINE	2939	2689	250	8.5%
BROADWATER	1459	1356	103	7.1%
CARBON	3281	3135	146	4.4%
CARTER	900	848	52	5.8%
CHOUTEAU	2981	2907	74	2.5%
CUSTER	6210	5971	239	3.8%
DANIELS	1374	1349	25	1.8%
DAWSON	5962	5782	180	3.0%
DEER LODGE	5079	4583	496	9.8%
FALLON	2391	2342	49	2.0%
FERGUS	6038	5747	291	4.8%
FLATHEAD	23339	21408	1931	8.3%
GALLATIN	19906	18680	1226	6.2%
GARFIELD	827	802	25	3.0%
GLACIER	5768	5279	489	8.5%
GOLDEN VALLEY	392	376	16	4.1%
GRANITE	1153	1064	89	7.7%
HILL	8688	8190	498	5.7%
JEFFERSON	2370	2214	156	6.6%
JUDITH BASIN	1161	1083	78	6.7%
LAKE	7947	7358	589	7.4%
LEWIS & CLARK	24715	23474	1241	5.0%
LIBERTY	1131	1096	35	3.1%
LINCOLN	6992	5919	1073	15.3%
MCCONE	1218	1196	22	1.8%
MADISON	2500	2383	117	4.7%
MEAGHER	1072	1014	58	5.4%
MINERAL	1903	1710	193	10.1%
MISSOULA	35834	33121	2713	7.6%
MUSSELSHELL	1840	1797	43	2.3%
PARK	5731	5323	408	7.1%
PETROLEUM	311	299	12	3.9%
PHILIPS	2876	2756	120	4.2%
PONDERA	3485	3341	144	4.1%
POWDER RIVER	1293	1257	36	2.8%
POWELL	3238	3037	201	6.2%
PRAIRIE	941	915	26	2.8%
RAVALLI	7901	7087	814	10.3%
RICHLAND	6203	6062	141	2.3%
ROOSEVELT	5101	4831	270	5.3%
ROSEBUD	5189	4897	292	5.6%
SANDERS	3972	3589	383	9.6%
SHERIDAN	3022	2976	46	1.5%
SILVER BOW	18209	16961	1248	6.9%
STILLWATER	2248	2163	85	3.8%
SWEET GRASS	1795	1758	37	2.1%
TETON	2890	2780	110	3.8%
TOOLE	2791	2679	112	4.0%
TREASURE	431	417	14	3.2%
VALLEY	4633	4384	249	5.4%
WHEATLAND	1177	1133	44	3.7%
WIBAUX	698	681	17	2.4%

JTPA PLANNING INFORMATION

COUNTY	1980 TOTAL POPUL	AGE		SEX		RACE					1980 ECO DISADV 16+
		16–21	22+	MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN/ PI	OTHER	
STATEWIDE:	786,690	90,157	495,218	392,586	394,104	740,901	1,738	37,700	3,097	3,254	109,440
BOS:	657,299	76,119	412,190	328,179	329,120	614,705	1,530	35,578	2,710	2,832	92,621
CEP:	129,391	14,038	83,028	64,407	64,984	126,196	208	2,122	387	422	16,819
BOS COUNTIES											
Big Horn	11,096	1,341	6,230	5,512	5,584	5,769	0	5,126	0	167	2,407
Blaine	6,999	798	4,118	3,537	3,462	4,754	0	2,223	0	0	1,577
Carbon	8,099	606	5,520	4,004	4,095	7,994	0	46	40	0	1,371
Carter	1,799	189	1,208	919	880	1,790	0	0	0	0	453
Cascade	80,696	9,758	50,590	40,350	40,346	76,118	958	2,775	471	374	9,608
Chouteau	6,092	537	4,007	3,145	2,947	5,879	0	207	0	0	834
Custer	13,109	1,484	8,378	6,436	6,673	12,748	0	256	0	0	1,867
Daniels	2,835	245	1,896	1,429	1,406	2,824	0	0	0	0	409
Dawson	11,805	1,384	7,190	5,982	5,823	11,612	0	126	43	0	1,261
Fallon	3,763	400	2,328	1,901	1,862	3,730	0	0	0	0	509
Fergus	13,076	1,317	8,529	6,458	6,618	12,863	0	158	0	36	2,294
Flathead	51,966	5,021	33,153	25,881	26,085	51,069	48	527	178	144	6,575
Gallatin	42,865	8,249	25,628	22,017	20,848	42,121	0	454	217	0	6,590
Garfield	1,656	146	1,079	858	798	1,653	0	0	0	0	288
Glacier	10,628	1,258	6,094	5,249	5,379	5,736	0	4,882	0	0	2,197
Golden Valley	1,026	76	665	524	502	999	0	0	0	0	231
Hill	17,985	2,339	10,905	8,953	9,032	15,612	0	2,293	60	0	2,269
Judith Basin	2,646	246	1,722	1,366	1,280	2,628	0	0	0	0	485
Lake	19,056	1,898	11,873	9,535	9,521	15,828	32	3,162	0	0	4,039
Liberty	2,329	242	1,501	1,182	1,147	2,301	0	0	0	0	370
Lincoln	17,752	1,860	10,674	8,959	8,793	17,421	0	225	39	0	2,474
McCone	2,702	272	1,641	1,430	1,272	2,690	0	0	0	0	537
Mineral	3,675	404	2,264	1,878	1,797	3,619	0	38	0	0	548
Missoula	76,016	10,302	48,188	37,689	38,327	73,625	76	1,382	780	153	10,265
Musselshill	4,428	333	2,923	2,228	2,200	4,409	0	0	0	0	881
Park	12,935	1,181	8,759	6,476	6,459	12,877	0	51	0	0	1,858
Petroleum	655	63	412	356	299	655	0	0	0	0	191
Phillips	5,367	637	3,324	2,725	2,642	4,990	0	362	0	0	959
Pondera	6,731	637	4,219	3,344	3,387	6,088	0	641	0	0	872
Powder River	2,520	218	1,618	1,285	1,235	2,464	0	47	0	0	273
Prairie	1,836	148	1,225	893	943	1,789	0	0	0	0	514
Ravalli	22,493	2,105	14,495	11,164	11,329	21,946	49	251	121	126	4,126
Richland	12,243	1,401	7,448	6,313	5,930	11,957	0	97	48	141	1,286
Roosevelt	10,467	1,126	6,200	5,108	5,359	6,542	0	3,865	0	0	1,650

JTPA PLANNING INFORMATION

COUNTY	1980 TOTAL POPUL	AGE		SEX		RACE					1980 ECO DISADV 16+
		16-21	22+	MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	BLACK	NATIVE AMERICAN	ASIAN/ PI	OTHER	
Rosebud	9,899	1,066	5,554	5,045	4,854	7,476	0	2,406	0	0	1,659
Sanders	8,675	739	5,616	4,407	4,268	8,545	0	73	34	0	1,659
Sheridan	5,414	544	3,660	2,703	2,711	5,356	0	41	0	0	826
Stillwater	5,598	522	3,712	2,806	2,792	5,518	0	80	0	0	965
Sweet Grass	3,216	278	2,185	1,653	1,563	3,183	0	0	0	0	525
Teton	6,491	538	4,261	3,260	3,231	6,354	0	121	0	0	1,151
Toole	5,559	560	3,543	2,749	2,810	5,358	0	195	0	0	822
Treasure	981	73	644	490	491	945	0	0	0	0	211
Valley	10,250	1,056	6,354	5,118	5,132	9,343	0	890	0	0	1,361
Wheatland	2,359	200	1,569	1,164	1,195	2,338	0	0	0	0	370
Wibaux	1,476	149	912	768	708	1,458	0	0	0	0	312
Yellowstone	108,035	12,173	68,176	52,930	55,105	103,714	200	2,344	429	1,348	10,692
CEP COUNTIES											
Beaverhead	8,186	1,019	5,124	4,181	4,005	8,047	0	124	11	4	1,448
Broadwater	3,267	307	2,075	1,652	1,615	3,231	0	0	0	0	528
Deer Lodge	12,518	1,459	8,107	6,316	6,202	12,110	49	322	37	0	1,571
Granite	2,700	265	1,764	1,406	1,294	2,642	0	37	0	0	512
Jefferson	7,029	735	4,343	3,540	3,489	6,849	0	109	30	41	696
Lewis & Clark	43,039	4,941	27,189	21,064	21,975	42,038	43	810	82	66	4,663
Madison	5,448	448	3,709	2,753	2,695	5,420	0	0	0	0	981
Meagher	2,154	210	1,428	1,117	1,037	2,140	0	0	0	0	384
Powell	6,958	708	4,588	3,770	3,188	6,715	36	169	0	0	900
Silver Bow	38,092	3,946	24,701	18,608	19,484	37,004	77	548	172	291	5,136

Source: 1980 Census special publication: Report 3 Social Indicators for Planning & Evaluation
and 1980 Census special report on Economically Disadvantaged
(Montana data for Econ Disadv. is low definition without CEP classification)
Counties in RACE categories may not add to totals; 0 may represent a # too small to estimate

Section VI
Glossary

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Benchmarking - A continuous process of establishing a new set of data which affects the series of estimates through revisions. Once a new benchmark is established, the adjustments to estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one are carried forward progressively to the current month by use of sample trends. The benchmark is established less frequently (usually once a year) based on sample or secondary data. In the case of employment data, the benchmark is used to establish the level of employment—while the sample is primarily used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level.

CES-790 program - Current employment statistics survey that produces monthly estimates of a wide variety of employment and earnings information for the nation and each state.

Civilian Labor Force - The number of persons 16 years and older, defined as employed or unemployed, excluding members of the armed forces.

Covered Employment - The employment report to the Montana Department of Labor and Industry under Montana's unemployment insurance laws. Normally this would be employers whose annual payroll exceeds $1,000 in a calendar year.

Employed - Those persons who work for pay or profit during a week—or, as unpaid family workers, work 15 hours or more during a week. Also included as employed are those who, although not working, had some job attachment and were not looking for work, including persons temporarily absent from a job due to illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor dispute, whether or not they were in a pay status during their time off.

Establishment Data - A count of jobs by where people work.

Job Openings - Made up of growth and separations. As businesses expand they create new jobs, which equal growth. Businesses also must replace workers who leave because of death, retirement or career changes, which equal separations.

JTPA - The Job Training Partnership Act was established to replace CETA (Concentrated Employment Act) in job search, placement, relocation, and especially training assistance. Each state designs local plans for JTPA programs through a Private Industry Council (PIC). Each PIC jurisdiction is known as a Service Delivery Area (SDA). The two SDA's for Montana are known as "Rural CEP" (Beaverhead, Broadwater, Deer Lodge, Granite, Jefferson, Lewis & Clark, Madison, Meagher, Powell, and Silver Bow counties) and "Balance of State" (the other 46 counties).

LFA - A Labor Force Area, as determined by the Montana Department of Labor and Industry's Research and Analysis Bureau, consists of a central city or cities with a population of less than 50,000, and the economically-integrated geographical area surrounding it.

MSA - Metropolitan Statistical Area as determined by the Office of Management and Budget. The MSA must have a central city with a population of 50,000 or more.

Residence Data - A count of people by where they live.

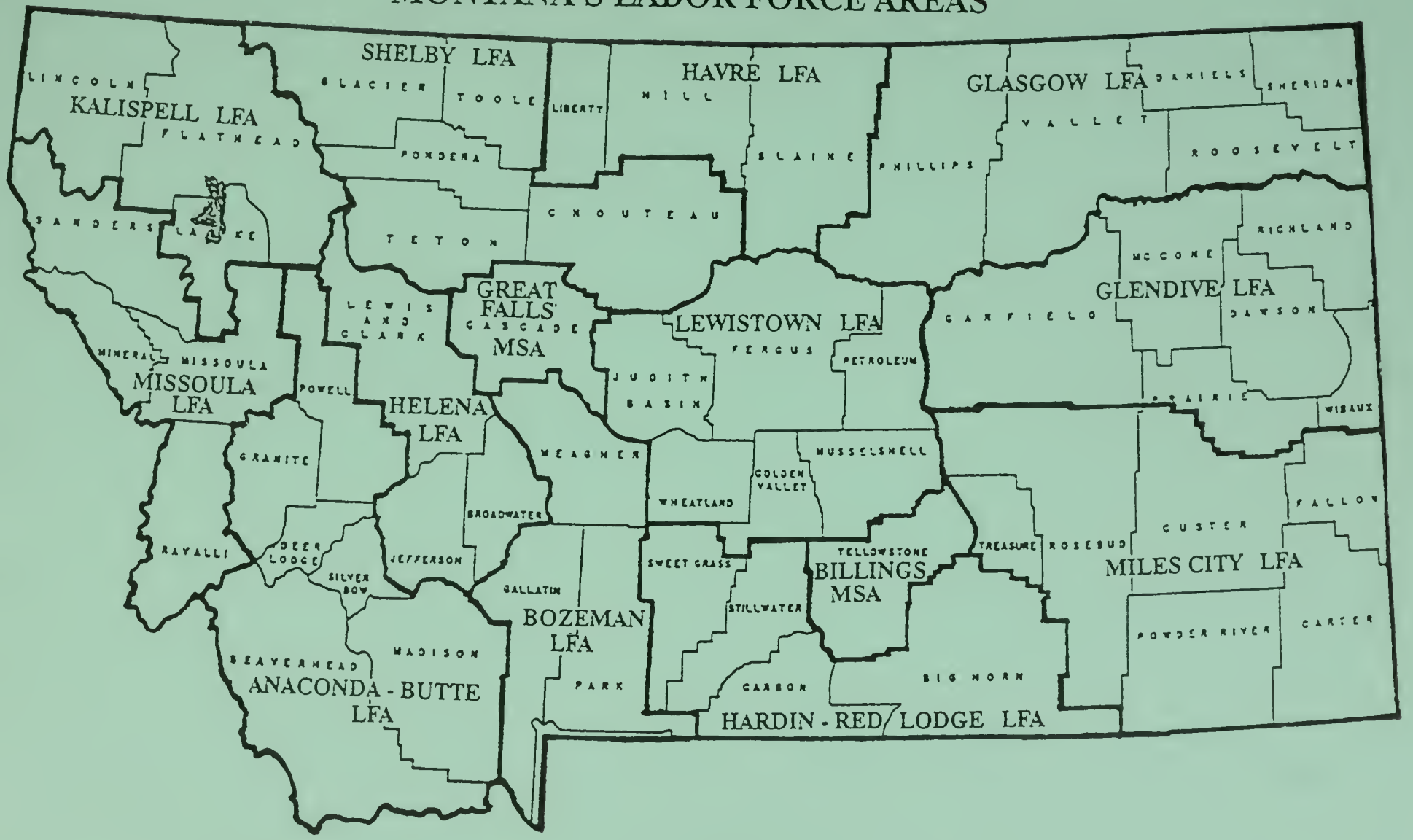
SDA - Service Delivery Area (see JTPA).

Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force Series - To facilitate the evaluation of the labor force, recurrent yearly movements have been isolated and removed using the X-11 ARIMA method of seasonal adjustment. This is the same method used by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to seasonally adjust the national labor force series.

Unemployed - The number of persons who, for an entire week, did not work at all; were able to work and available for work; and (1) were looking for work or (2) would have looked for work except that (a) they were waiting to return to a job from which they had been laid off, or (b) they were waiting to report to a new wage and salary job scheduled to start within the following 30 days (and were not in school during the week).

Unemployment Rate - The number of unemployed expressed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

MONTANA'S LABOR FORCE AREAS



Return in 5 days to :
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Department of Labor & Industry
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